AUSTIN
APPROVED AMERICAN
Arditi
Service Station
Rush Filat Rd., cr. Robert Hirsi, Tel Aviv.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1952

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 70 PRUTA
VOL. XXVIII, No. 7422

Dolls, Balls, Books, Puzzles, Marbles
Bring them today to The Jerusalem Post
HANUKKA TOY FUND
Collection Centres are given below

Column One
By David Courtney

COMMUNIST policy seems to have freed itself of the rains of consistency. The implications of the Prague trial are hardly consistent with the anti-racialist principles of Communism; and a policy developing from the reversal that Israel has become "a base of American imperialism against the Arab countries..." is no more in keeping with the comparatively recent attitude of Russia and the People's Democracies than it is with the facts. The assumption is that Communist foreign policy has become deliberately opportunist. Where individual deviation is a sin, Party deviation is accepted as a tactical necessity.

●

IN the cold war, subversiveness of one kind or another is a major weapon of both conflicting groups. An important subsidiary purpose, if not a main purpose, of the Slansky trial would seem to be the subversive one of adding provocation and argument to the already sharply-hostile attitude of the Arabs towards Israel. The subversiveness, here, is in linking Israel, as the natural enemy of the Arabs, with Western imperialism. The link is Zionism. The Prague trial, as might have been expected, has not incited publicity in the Arab States. Its evidence will be used, through the anti-Israel channel which runs among the Arab peoples, to inflame an ignorant populace against the West.

●

IT is a amazing plan with a fair chance of some success. The Arab States represent today a highly equivocal group of sovereignties. The oligarchic structure of their mass or less common system, which a people bound by tradition, suppressed by despotism, and duly accustomed to misery, had never thought seriously to question, has been upset by military coups in Syria, Lebanon, Egypt and Iraq. The possibility of decisive change has suggested itself to the masses. The Communist leaders in these countries, open or secret, naturally keep a close upon this moment of suspension, and are ready to exploit it when, as seems most likely, military dictatorship is forced to loosen its hold on the instruments of authority and something like an administrative vacuum is created.

●

ADMITTEDLY, this version of prospects may be a little crude; but it is sufficiently logical to encourage hopes in Moscow of a hastening revolutionary trend in the Arab countries; or, at the very least, of conditions of instability and even chaos, which would be to the serious disadvantage of any strategic plans contemplated for the region by the western allies. To set against this hope, as the augury of an intention to act positively towards its fulfilment, the offensive spectacle in Prague (which in any case is not for eyes and nerves sensitive to grossness) is not as far-fetched as it may seem.

●

AT any rate, it seems quite clear that the Communist Governments have finally and ostentatiously diverted their backing from the Jews to the Arabs — let us say for politeness' sake, from Israel to the Arab States. From all accounts, it is concentrated at the moment upon Iraq, which is the latest of the Arab countries to resort to the device of a military dictatorship and to ensure stability, temporarily, by martial law. In the Cairo marketplaces it is being told that large sums of money and numerous agents have been smuggled into Iraq by the Egyptian, Lebanese and Persian Communists. It is also a fact that Tashkent radio has been markedly interested in Iraq during the past few weeks. All this may be no more than routine. And none of it is needed to convince the observer that the Arab countries are a better field for the cultivation of Communism than Israel; or that Arab hostility to Israel can be a useful implement in that dark husbandry.

Jerusalem, Oct. 28.

FOR SALE
60 ROOM
House in Tel Aviv
Recently built with all modern conveniences.
Apply: No. 18751, P.O.B. 1126, Tel Aviv.

Iraqi Soldiers Fire At Demonstrators Violating Curfew

BAGHDAD, Tuesday. — Iraqi troops fired machine-guns over the heads of demonstrators defying the dusk-to-dawn curfew in Baghdad yesterday evening.

General Nur-e-Din Mahmoud, Army C-in-C, who took over the premiership on Sunday night, has declared that his Cabinet would proceed with general elections next month but at the same time he announced his Government's programme "to effect general reforms as well as to provide the poorer classes with food, living quarters and clothing."

His programme calls for the appointment of a committee to reform the electoral law on a direct ballot basis (as demanded by the opposition in discussions in an economic policy to "preserve the country's wealth"; strengthening the Army; appointment of a committee to investigate responsibility for the week-end's rioting; expelling from government service of all "undesirable elements," and establishment of social security.

(AFP, Reuter)

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — U.S. officials today reported from Baghdad that foreign businesses' establishments were continuously reopening after week-end disturbances in Iraq capital.

The State Department spokesman, Mr. Michael McDermott, announcing this in Washington said damage to foreign commercial and industrial buildings had been serious. The U.S. Information Service building which demonstrators had fired and looted was under military guard, he said.

U.K. Sympathetic To Iraq Change

By GEORGE LICHTHEIM, POST Correspondent

LONDON, Tuesday.—A tendency to minimise the significance of the latest events in Baghdad is observable in official and inspired comment here. It is not shared by independent quarters, witness today's editorial in the "Manchester Guardian" which suggests that Iraq has narrowly escaped Persia's fate without, as yet, giving signs of having found an "Egyptian" solution.

The "Financial Times," although counselling calm, refers to the possibility that mob unrest in Baghdad may precipitate peasant rising "as in France in 1789 and in Russia in 1917." This is strong language for the leading City organ distinguished for sobriety.

More pertinently, the "Financial Times" suggests a parallel between General Mahmoud and "the unfortunate General Razmara." Mahmoud, in fact, enjoys some popularity here because he opposed the wartime activities of the pro-Nazis in Iraq. There is a barely concealed hope that he may turn out another Nagib, strong enough to introduce social reforms and simultaneously conclude a revised defence treaty with Britain superseding the present one.

Confidence Vote To Jordan Gov't Upheld

The Jordan Parliament convened last night for the first time in a fortnight ruled that the confidence vote awarded to the Government of Abu'l Huda at its last meeting was legal.

Ramallah Radio said that 22 votes were cast for the motion, but did not say whether the 18 opposition members attended yesterday's session. At the last meeting they walked out in protest and announced they would boycott further sessions until the Government apologises for its handling of the confidence debate.

Vietminh Massing For Nasam Attack

NASAM, North Indo-China, Tuesday (Reuter). — Two divisions of victorious Vietminh troops, under constant attack by French planes, are massing along this biggest French fortress in North Indo-China for a battle which French officers say may be the biggest of the entire Indo-China war.

The Vietminh, with morale high from their recent spectacular advances, are expected to launch an all-out offensive against the French garrison within the next 48 hours.

The seizure of four Russian lorries and 250 tons of ammunition, some Russian and some Chinese, from a Vietminh supply dump in Indo-China was a new and alarming feature of the Indo-Chinese war, U.S. officials declared in Washington today.

The supplies were found when a French raiding party struck recently at Phudoan about 650 kms. from the Burmese border.

NEW A.F.L. PRESIDENT

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — The American Federation of Labour today chose Mr. George Meany as its new president.

Mexico Urges Peace As UN Turns to Palestine

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, POST Correspondent

UNITED NATIONS, Tuesday. — The Ad Hoc Political Committee this morning began what promises to be a two-week debate on Palestine on a note of agreement. The Israel delegate, Mr. Abba Eban, supported the Arab request that the Palestine Conciliation Commission make a statement. The P.C.C. agreed to do so at a later stage.

Towards the close of the session the Mexican representative called on delegates to carry out the U.N. historic mission of mediation and pacification towards the preservation of world peace. "It is always possible, with goodwill, to find some meeting ground," he said.

Mr. Eban closed the meeting, welcoming the Mexican plea for peace and stating that he would outline a complete blueprint for peace in a few days. It is understood that Mexico spoke on behalf of many Latin American delegations who may be preparing a resolution on peace negotiations.

The Israel plan is reported to include a general settlement of diplomatic and economic relations; resumption of normal communications, particularly the renewal of overland, air and sea links between Israel and her neighbours; a general agreement on the consolidation of security arrangements for the whole Middle East; and pooling of experience in economic and social matters, including the development of "agrarian democracy."

Between these two peaceful interludes the Arabs suffered a setback in their request that a representative of the Arab refugees be invited before the Committee, and Egyptian delegate Abdel Munim Mustafa repeated Arab juridical arguments on refugee repatriation and compensation in an hour-long address.

Western nations led by Mr. Philip Jessup (U.S.) and Lord Llewellyn (Britain) opposed inviting Inst. Tannous, refugee representative, as an unfortunate precedent in the discussion of political matters. The motion was defeated by 34 votes to 10 of the Arab-Asian bloc, with 20, including the Soviet bloc, abstaining.

To Amend Resolutions

Mustafa served notice that the Arabs would amend any resolution asking for peace negotiations, such as the reported Norwegian draft, so as to include Paragraph 11 of the 1948 resolution on the repatriation and compensation of refugees.

He said "Egypt wishes to see peace return to Palestine in keeping with the dictates of justice, the Declaration of Human Rights and the decisions of the General Assembly." He did not see how peace was possible while "a million refugees roam the deserts."

He added, "The U.N. bears secondary responsibility for the plight of the refugees because of "inertia in implementing its own resolutions." It should pay full compensation if the primary debtor, Israel, is unwilling or unable to pay because of immigration which, "despite American assistance, has brought financial disaster."

Mustafa said continued Jewish immigration into Israel was a serious threat to Arab security and accused the U.N. Palestine Conciliation Commission of failure to carry out its mandate.

Mustafa's speech was the forerunner of an expected Arab draft resolution providing for the replacement of the P.C.C. with a seven-man body charged with the task of solving Palestine problems, including that of Jerusalem.

Mustafa insisted that the question of Arab Palestine refugees constitutes the key to any solution of the Middle Eastern dispute and linked it with Jewish immigration to Israel by saying that continued influx into the country closes forever the door to the repatriation of refugees. It would also help Israel to seek expansion, and "God knows how far they expect to expand," he added.

Mustafa stressed that Egypt has no expansionist goals and that it harbours no sentiments of racial discrimination or anti-Semitism.

Simultaneously, Egypt's Colonel Ahmed Ghaleb, speaking in the plenary of the Assembly, denounced the recent Israel-West German agreement on reparations as an "all arms and no better" pact.

Approve Increase

The refugee problem itself came up for direct action in the U.N. today as the Assembly voted without a debate to approve the recommendation of the Special Political Committee to increase by $5m. emergency relief appropriations for refugees in the current fiscal year. The vote was 48 to 0 with five abstentions from the Soviet bloc.

Colonel Ghaleb said his country was not opposed to just and equitable compensation for Jews persecuted by the Nazis but felt that the Israel Government is not entitled to $71bn. reparations from West Germany. He told the Assembly's plenary that Egypt was ready to cooperate in good faith within the framework of the U.N. but regarded Israel's "smears," including charges that Egypt has interfered with Israel trade through the Suez Canal. He said Egypt has moved to protect herself by banning shipments of war materials and military equipment to Israel through the Canal.

Ghaleb's statement was made in reply to a charge made earlier in the Assembly by Israel Ambassador to the U.S. Abba Eban. The Egyptian delegate said the proposed reparations agreement between Germany and Israel called for "loan of steel" and heavy machinery and not a question of food and clothing for needy Jews.

Locker Stresses Need For U.S. Immigration

The Zionist General Council dealing yesterday with immigration from English-speaking countries heard Mr. Beri Locker, Chairman of the Agency Executive, say that he was ready to accept new methods of attracting professionals and pioneers from these countries. He stated that speakers during the debate had concentrated on U.S. Jewry because it was the most important in the Diaspora.

Mr. Locker directed most of his rebuttal at Mr. Yitzhak Gruenbaum (Virtlist), who on the previous day had deplored the drop in pioneering spirit in Israel and among Zionists abroad. "At the time of the Prague trial," he asserted, "one should not speak about demoralization here."

Describing Zionism as "racing against time in the U.S. to prevent the complete assimilation of American Jewish youth," Mr. Evi Lurie, member of the Agency Executive in New York, stressed the need for greater effort there. He said that the major parties in America were harming the effort to attract pioneers by refusing to admit Mapam to the more important conferences. Although a small party, he noted, Mapam led in sending American pioneering youth to Israel.

Need for Day-Schools

The need for day-schools was emphasized by Dr. Berl Frymer and Mrs. Israel Goldstein (both Hadassah Okmin). Mrs. Goldstein advocated the establishment of a Board of Pioneer Education to draw up a syllabus for Zionist schools in the Western Hemisphere. She also favoured a greater exchange of scholarships between the U.S. and Israel.

The role of Zionist parties in the U.S. drew somewhat different opinions from two E.O.A. leaders, Mr. Fred Monosson and Mr. Rudolph Sonneborn, past President of the Organization. Mr. Monosson favoured the establishment of a non-political Zionist body which could attract the masses of American Jewry. Such an organization should be delegated important tasks and should penetrate into Jewish community life.

Mr. Broudy felt that parties would continue for many years in the American scene, although the American Zionist Council should be strengthened. But he came out strongly against the E.O.A. becoming linked with the General Zionist Party in Israel.

Budget to be Studied

The proposed IL.35m. budget for 1952-53—the biggest in Agency history—is being studied by the finance commission, which will also hear about efforts to coordinate the Bond Drive and United Jewish Appeal campaign in the U.S.

Problems of tightening up the organization of Zionist bodies abroad for more effective work will be discussed in the commission examining organizational work.

RABBI MILLER RETURNS TO U.S.

LYDDA AIRPORT, Tuesday (ITIM). — Rabbi Irving Miller, President of the Zionist Organization of America, returned to New York by ELAL today.

Before leaving, Dr. Miller expressed satisfaction with the meeting of Zionist leaders from the U.S. held in Jerusalem last week-end at the invitation of Prime Minister Ben Gurion and the two Chairmen of the Jewish Agency Executive. He now saw possibilities of increasing Zionist activities in America.

Dr. Miller said he maintained close contact with Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, a former E.O.A. president, and discussed problems with him. Dr. Silver had already agreed to talk at a number of Zionist meetings in various U.S. cities. "I think he'll do many in the course of time," Dr. Miller said.

Apart his calls to the Prime Minister regarding recent statements by Mr. Ben Gurion in the Knesset, Dr. Miller met with Abraham Granott, the mayor, and several new immigrants from U.S.

Sweden Refuses Margolius Testimony

STOCKHOLM, Tuesday (Reuter). — Foreign Minister Gunnar Unden today described as "ridiculous and without any foundation whatsoever" charges made against the former Swedish Minister in Czechoslovakia by Rudolf Margolius, on trial for treason in Prague.

Margolius is reported to have confessed passing secret economic information to Mr. Wilhelm Winther, now stationed in Madrid.

Last Two Defendants Make Their Confessions to Prague Tribunal

VIENNA, Tuesday (Reuter). — Karel Svab and Bedrich Reicin, last two of the 14 accused in the Prague trial, both pleaded guilty today, Prague Radio reported. All former top Communists standing trial have now confessed to a long list of charges covering treason, espionage and sabotage. Security police and troops packed the courtroom at today's hearing, the radio reported.

Reicin, a former Deputy Minister of National Defence, admitted responsibility for the death of Julius Fucik, a Czech national hero. He also admitted betraying and handing over to the Gestapo during the war the Central Committee of the war-time illegal Czech Communist Party.

Svab also pleaded guilty to shielding hostile groups such as the "many-branched Zionist organizations and their terrorist groups which were connected with imperialist agents in the Israel Legation in Prague."

Another subversive Zionist organization, he said, was the Joint. The subversive movement in Czechoslovakia was financed by the Americans whose agents the Zionists were, thus creating an opening for imperialist influences in the people's democracies.

When the prosecutor asked why Slansky preferred to rely on Zionists, Svab explained that Slansky himself was a Jewish bourgeois nationalist, as were other members of the conspiracy. The main reason, however, was that the Zionists were the most reliable imperialist agents and afforded Slansky a permanent and safe contact with the imperialists.

Covered Slansky Gang

Earlier Svab admitted that as Deputy Minister for State Security he covered the crimes of the whole "Slansky gang." He said he also covered the activities of foreign imperialists and Yugoslav spies and put into important positions in the state security service "elements unreliable for Czechoslovakia and the regime."

The indictment against Svab said he was "a disguised war criminal who tortured prisoners in German concentration camps." He was reported to have confessed: "I filled the key positions of the security apparatus with former policemen, Zionists and other hostile elements and liquidated those who tried to expose them."

Reicin's testimony included a strong denunciation of President Benes who, he claimed, was preparing a military dictatorship in Czechoslovakia. Reicin said that on instructions from Benes he systematically built up a fifth column in the army and security forces. Benes early in 1948 asked him to prepare a list of reliable generals on whom, he said, Benes could count.

The Radio commentator quoted statements by witnesses called to prove the guilt of the defendants.

ORENSTEIN

The third among them was Mr. Shimon Orenstein, personal adviser to the Commercial Department of the Israel Legation in Prague. Mr. Orenstein's testimony was not broadcast but only a few sentences were quoted. According to the commentator Mr. Orenstein, a "dangerous agent," confirmed that Israel was in the hands of American imperialists and is now the centre of Zionist organizations. Zionists, working with the Slansky clique, have been conducting dangerous espionage in Czechoslovakia, the commentator quoted Orenstein as saying.

During last night's hearing, excerpts of which were broadcast by Prague Radio today, Otto Sling, former Communist Regional Secretary in Brno, said that in England in 1946 he was given "concrete espionage tasks for his future work in Czechoslovakia. These orders were given him at the British Ministry of Information in the name of the Intelligence service, Sling said.

He confessed to "being in touch with the British committee later called the Czech Trust Fund" in Britain from 1939 to 1945, and to becoming an American espionage agent in 1945 when he was recruited by Emanuel Vonka who worked for both the British and U.S. intelligence services. In this capacity he passed on information about "the work of Communists among Czech emigres in Britain."

U.S. Officers Evidence

Sling said the Czech Trust Fund collaborated with the British Labour Party which was in touch with the U.S. intelligence service.

An imprisoned U.S. Army captain was mentioned in the trial as a witness against Otto Sling. His name was given as Emmanuel Vacka, who was said now to be in a Czechoslovak prison. He did not appear in court but a written statement was read in which he gave evidence against Otto Sling.

E. German Paper Attacks Israel Reparations Pact

BERLIN, Tuesday (Reuter). — West Germany's reparations agreement treaty with Israel serves capitalists in both countries, the East German Communist "Neues Deutschland," declared today.

The treaty would not give anything to survivors of Fascist persecution, it said. Recipients would, instead, be Israel capitalists who will create new sources of profit, the paper charged.

"Neues Deutschland" said the "big deal" had been made on the initiative of the American imperialists to strengthen their position in the Near East against the Arab states and Britain.

Barth Changes Stand, May Be Candidate

Dr. Aharon Barth, managing director of Bank Leumi, indicated at a meeting with representatives of Hapoel Hamizrahi in Tel Aviv yesterday that he may be available for the presidency. He had earlier declined to accept the nomination.

Representatives of Hapoel Hamizrahi will confer with other parties today and tomorrow to seek support for his nomination. Mapai will meet in Tel Aviv tonight to discuss the selection of their candidate. The deadline for nominations is Friday.

The General Zionists are understood be inclined to nominate Dr. Peretz Bernstein. Herut has not found a candidate.

Echoes of Prague Trial Sound in East Germany

BERLIN, Tuesday (UP).—The East German Communist Party Politburo has ordered a check of party members to determine if Rudolf Slansky and his 13 co-defendants in Prague have placed agents in the Soviet zone, informed sources said today.

The Party's Central Control Commission is said to have established three commissioners to interview leading East German Communists who have had ties with Slansky, Otto Fischl, former Czechoslovak Ambassador here, and Andrei Simone, former editor of "Rude Pravo".

'Pravda' Says Trial Discloses U.S. Activity

MOSCOW, Tuesday (Reuter)—"Pravda," organ of the Communist Party, said today that the Prague trial disclosed "evidence of the direct implications of U.S. diplomats and high government officials in the U.S."

In the first Soviet comment on the trial, contained in a front page editorial entitled "Facts," the paper said, "The U.S. State Department is obviously exasperated."

Students Ask End To Relations with Czechs

The expulsion of the Czech Minister in Israel and the severance of diplomatic relations with Czechoslovakia was demanded yesterday by the Hebrew University Students Association in a poster appearing in Jerusalem.

The poster not only condemned the Prague "show" trial and its anti-Zionist background, but also demanded that the entire issue be discussed by the United Nations.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

President-elect Eisenhower yesterday named Arthur E. Summerfield of Flint, Michigan, to be Postmaster-General. Mrs. Ovetа Culp Hobby, of Houston, to be Federal Security Administrator, and Mrs. Ivy Baker Priest, of Bountiful, Utah, as Treasurer.

Knesset Brands Prague Trial as Smear of Jewry

By an overwhelming majority, the Knesset last night adopted a resolution expressing "its sense of shock at the trial now proceeding in Prague, which has struck at the Jewish people, attempts to bring into disrepute the good name of the State of Israel, undermines the traditional friendship between the Czech people and the Jewish people, attempts to besmirch the Zionist Movement — the liberating movement of the Jewish people — and exploits the Jewish origin of the accused as a foul and dangerous means of propaganda."

Only Mapam and the Communists opposed the resolution while Herut abstained. The Herut proposal that the Government should propose a United Nations convention outlawing the means of interrogation employed in the Communist states and for reducing the level of Israel's diplomatic representation in Prague to the level of Czechoslovak representation in Tel Aviv was referred to the Knesset Foreign Affairs Committee by a majority vote.

Mapam, who participated in the debate only by reading a declaration and by heckling Mapai speakers, submitted a resolution expressing support for the statement which they had made at the beginning of the debate. It was supported only by their party.

The Communist motion read by Mrs. Esther Wilenska attacked the Foreign Minister's statement as preparation for a war by Atlantic Pact countries against the Soviet Bloc. It received only the votes of their own faction. Mapam was significantly split as the moderates in the party opposed it and the left-wing abstained.

In the closing moments of the debate, the Acting Speaker, Mr. Ze'ev Shefer, ordered Mrs. Wilenska to leave the hall after she had repeatedly been warned. When she refused to go, Mr. Shefer adjourned the meeting for ten minutes. After a brief consultation with the chairman of the House Committee, Mr. David Bar-Rav-Hai, and examining the Knesset regulations, he announced that he had made a mistake and that he had no authority to eject a member. He referred the matter to the Rules Committee. The meeting was resumed with the Communist member remaining in her place.

Dr. Peretz Bernstein (General Zionist), who opened the debate, said the accused in the Prague trial were scapegoats for the failure of economic planning in Czechoslovakia. He expressed particular concern over the anti-Jewish and anti-Zionist aspects of the trial. Dr. Bernstein referred to the aid rendered to Israel in the War of Liberation by the Government of Czechoslovakia and said no other country had rendered aid in that period.

Mr. Ben Gurion then took the floor to say sharply that assistance had been received from another country, without which there would be no State of Israel today. He did not name the country.

In an official declaration read on behalf of Mapam, Mr. Eliezer Peri expressed astonishment over linking Zionism with the Prague case, and also rejected the Israel Government's statement comparing the proceedings with Nazism. He then reaffirmed his party's support for the People's Democracies and their loyalty to revolutionary Zionism. He said the fact that there were reactionaries in the Zionist Movement should not give a misleading picture of the Movement which was really one of liberation. Finally, the statement expressed confidence in Mr. Oren and said his motives had been friendly, but he may have become involved in accidental complications.

Mr. Mordecai Namir (Mapai) read to the House a message he had received from the Premier of Czechoslovakia, Mr. Zapotocky, written in March, 1948: "Please convey on behalf of workers of Czechoslovakia and myself hearty regards to the workers of Palestine. The new Government of Czechoslovakia not only will continue the historical friendship in the matter of Palestine, but believes that this friendship between Czechoslovakia and Palestine will increase. The Government will continue faithful to its Palestine policy and will not prevent any Czech Jew from participating in the building of the country."

The speech by Mr. Meir Wilner (Communist) was an all-out defence of the Czechoslovak prosecution, but it could hardly be heard because he was drowned out by protests from the floor and because the amplifier suddenly failed. The Acting Speaker, Mr. Serlin, made little attempt to restore order. Mr. Wilner was repeatedly challenged to state clearly whether or not Mr. Oren was guilty. One Mapam member, Mr. Bar Yehuda, joined those who challenged Mr. Wilner, but the Communist member did not reply.

There was laughter when Mr. Wilner said that Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, Americans convicted of passing atomic information to the USSR, had not confessed even when they were offered a reprieve.

The Deputy Speaker, Mr. Benyamin Mintz, who returned the previous evening from Europe, said there was deep concern amongst Jews there. He disclosed that one of the Prague accused, Otto Fischel, Assistant Minister of Finance, had been so zealous in the execution of his duties that he was went to go to the railway station to search the baggage of Jews leaving for Israel. It was ironical that he should be charged with facilitating Jewish immigration.

The Minister without Portfolio, Mr. Pinhas Lavon, closed the debate for the Government. He said that according to Communist definitions "cosmopolitanism" is applied to anyone who does not comply fully to foreign masters, "fascism" was a system of concentration camps, "independence" was enslavement, "peace" was preparation for conquests and for war, "revolution" was military conquest, "national liberation" was imperialist conquest, "independent opinion" was treason and "loyalty" was the negation and degeneration of humanity.

Mr. Lavon surprised the House when he read a dramatic account from the pamphlet of how the N.K.V.D. in Bialystok had forced a Zionist leader to make a statement on Zionist political activities, using methods similar to those of the Nazis. The writer went on to say that he had caused the Zionist saying that it was one of fumes to make a false statement. The pamphlet had been published by Dr. Moshe Kleinbaum. This was Dr. Moshe Sneh's original name.

'Mapam Hypocrites'—B.G.

Prime Minister Ben Gurion sharply attacked Mapam in the debate on the Prague trial. He said the Communists, who expressed blanket support for the Czechoslovak prosecutors, were being consistent. It was only to be expected of a party which some years ago had said that only war-mongers opposed the internationalization of Jerusalem and within two months somersaulted and said that only war-mongers favoured internationalization, after the Soviet Union switched its stand.

He scored the inconsistency of Mapam which did not accept the confession of Mordecai Oren, but accepted without question that Communists who had led their nation for years were guilty of espionage, of sabotage and of being imperialist agents. Why did they not express doubts or reservations or admit the possibility of an error in the case of prisoners like Slansky and Clementis, he asked.

Were they less faithful to Communism than Mr. Oren up to the date of the trial, Mr. Ben Gurion queried. He also declared that Mr. Clementis had helped Israel more than had Mr. Oren. He recalled the tribute paid to Mr. Clementis by Mapam members when they attacked the Government for voting against him when he stood for president of the U.N. General Assembly in competition with General Romulo of the Philippines.

Mr. Ben Gurion said he was certain that if Mr. Shmuel Mikunis, the Communist leader, went to Prague and confessed to having betrayed the People's Democracies by getting arms for Israel's War of Liberation, his Communist friends in this country would betray him and accept his confession. That was consistency, he claimed.

Mapam was being two-faced, he said. If the Prague regime was good for Czechoslovakia, why was it not good for Israel. In that case, he said, Mapam was a counter-revolutionary and reformist party. It should be banned also in Israel. If facilitating immigration to Israel was a crime, why should it be promoted here. If Zionism was a crime, why should it not be opposed at its source in Israel.

He said that Mapam had rejected only the attack on Zionism in the trial, but not on Jews. Anti-Zionism was not now in the People's Democracies, Mr. Ben Gurion said, quoting from a Soviet encyclopedia a denunciation of Dr. Weizmann as an imperialist agent.

Mapam were hypocritical on Zionists because they did not acknowledge that support was needed to obtain tractors. They opposed foreign aid to buy such equipment, but were not against accepting it for their settlements.

AVAILABLE SOON!
Jerusalem
DRAWINGS
by
C. SINGER
Published by:
The HEATH BOOKSHOP
9 Rehov Hahavatzelet,
Tel. 2981, Jerusalem.

Social & Personal

Mr. Zeev Sharef, Secretary to the Government, left by El Al for London yesterday on a six-week tour of inspection of Israel diplomatic missions in Britain and the United States.

Mr. Asher Meisle, Honorary Consul of Israel in Athens, arrived by El Al yesterday for a short visit.

The Austrian Trade Representative, Mr. Heinrich C. Katz, returned from Cyprus Sunday last.

Mr. Zelman Shneour, the poet accompanied by his wife, left by El Al yesterday for a visit to New York.

Dr. A. L. Samuel, economic adviser to the Ministry of Agriculture, and Mr. L. Blake, head of the FAO technical mission in Israel, left by El Al yesterday for Rome, for discussions at FAO headquarters on aid to Israel.

Mr. R. T. Clark and Mr. G. P. Hamilton, UNICEF representatives, are touring Tnuva dairies throughout the country prior to preparing the UNICEF programme to supply milk to school children.

Dr. A. Tartakower returned by El Al yesterday after a year on behalf of the Hebrew University in Canada and the World Jewish Congress in Latin America.

Mr. Leon Mohill, of Kin Hashofet and Tel Aviv, is back from a visit to the United States.

Mr. Wilfred J. Kramer, Public Affairs Officer, American Embassy, spoke on "Advertising in U.S.A. and Israel" at a publicity cocktail party given by Messrs. Bauer Ltd., Publicity Service, at the U.S. Information Centre, Tel Aviv, early this week. A film "Magazine Magic" was shown to the guests.

Mr. Gedalia Zakif, director of the United Jewish Appeal in Latin America, returned by TWA yesterday.

International Ex-Serviceman's Day will be observed in Haifa tomorrow by the War of Independence Invalid's Association. Wreaths will be laid on the grave of the war dead and the Invalid Fund will collect funds for the projected Convalescent Home at Nahariya.

The annual technical congress of the ear, nose and throat specialists in Israel will open at Bet Harofe in Haifa on Thursday.

Professor T. S. Simey, Professor of Social Sciences at the University of Liverpool, will deliver a guest lecture under the auspices of the Hebrew University on "The Contribution of Social Research to Solution of Administrative Problems" at 8.30 this evening at the Ratisbonne Building Hall 72 in Jerusalem. The public is invited.

Mr. E. Ellison will speak on "The Advance of Civilization in the Arid Zones of the British Colonies" at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening at the Artists' House, Tel Aviv, under the auspices of the Binyanei Haooma Association. The lecture will be accompanied by slides.

Lebanon Stops All Point 4 Projects

The Lebanese Government has decided to stop further implementation of Point Four projects in the country, "Falastin" the Old City daily, reported yesterday. The decision came as a result of the deadlock in the recent negotiations on the supervision of these projects. The Point Four administration was reported to have demanded sole supervision as well as a guarantee that anti-U.S. elements would not be permitted to cause trouble.

REVIEW OF OPINION IN YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Israel Must Save Jews In East European Countries—Omer

The Prague trials continue to take first place in both editorial and news columns of the local press.

"Omer" (Histadrut) calls the new anti-Semitic line, amplified by yesterday's leading article in the official "Rude Pravo," a sign and warning: the attack against the Jews and Zionism appears to be based on an overall strategy of anti-Semitism, which has several motives, such as to attract former fascists to the Communist party, to divert the attention of the masses from the shortcomings of the regime and at the same time trying to establish closer relations with the Arab states. The paper says that the lives of Jews in Eastern Europe are in danger and it is the task of the State of Israel to try and save them.

Similar points of view are expressed by all other papers apart from "Kol Ha'am" (Communist) which justifies the anti-Semitic character of the trials. The political commentator of the paper says that Mr. John Foster Dulles is the inventor of psychological warfare such as is going on in the Prague trials. Editorially the paper says that the Israel Government has no right to protest because it did not protest when somebody threw a bomb at a Jewish house in Miami, Florida, several months ago.

"Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) gives the fullest coverage of all to the trial but continues to refrain from commenting: the editorial column deals with the "World Peace Congress," a Communist-front organization warmly endorsed by the paper.

The rest of the press published detailed reports about the internal situation in Mapam where the pro-Maki minority headed by Dr. Sneh and Mr. Riftin was defeated by 25 to 9 after having asked for "total identification with the Prague trial." It was decided not to challenge the conduct of the trial as such but to continue to ask for the release of M. Oren.

What difference is there between the anti-Semitic campaign in Prague and Nazi propaganda, asks "Ha'aretz" (Independent). It must be assumed that the members of Mapam will not be less shocked than other Jews. The Prague trial is an excellent illustration of "People's Democracy" says the paper, and in fact, it shows that Czechoslovakia has ceased to be a democratic country. The public in this country still hopes that it is not too late for Mapam to realise this fact with all its implications.

"Hatzofe" (Mizrahi) says that the attitude taken by Maki is not of very great interest: it is "His Master's Voice." But Mapam will have to draw some important conclusions during the next few days: it will have either to sacrifice Oren (and not only him) or they will have to defend him and to admit that the trial has been staged, and that it is motivated by anti-Semitism.

"Haboker" (General Zionist) says that it must be taken that the Cominform will be used in the world-wide campaign against Jews and Zionism, and the least we can do is to take care that Cominform activities will be discontinued in this country.

It is perhaps not a bad thing, says "Haboker" that Mr. Oren, one of the most pro-Maki leaders of Mapam was involved because otherwise Mapam would have identified itself wholly with the trials. But even so it should be made clear to them that they will have to choose between Israel and the Cominform.

Banias Terminal Of Oil Line Opened

BANIAS, Tuesday (AFP).—The Mediterranean end of the trans-Syria oil pipeline was formally opened here yesterday in the presence of the Head of State, General Fawzi Selo, the C.-in-C. Colonel Shishakly, all members of the Syrian government and the diplomatic corps.

Among foreign representatives was Admiral Sir John Cunningham, of the Iraq Petroleum Company, which owns the line.

At the ceremony, General Selo declared that foreign investors were welcome, provided Syria received "a good share" of their profits. He asked government officials to behave properly to investors "as the country derives great benefit from them."

Absenteeism Hurts Czech Mine Output

VIENNA, Tuesday (Reuter). — Steadily increasing absenteeism in Czech mines reaching its peak this summer with 9.3 per cent had made impossible the fulfilment of this year's plan for coal production, according to the Czech trade union paper "Prace."

Suggesting remedies, "Prace" quoted the practice at the Narvinas army mine where miners addicted to absenteeism are made to carry lamps with red bands on them so that they can be recognised even in the dark.

U.K. Cabinet Reshuffled

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Mr. Winston Churchill last night announced a major reshuffle in his Cabinet through the illness of Lord Woolton, Lord President of the Council and Chairman of the Conservative Party.

The Marquess of Salisbury replaces Lord Woolton in the post, a principal non-departmental portfolio. Viscount Swinton, who was Minister of Materials, succeeds Lord Salisbury as Commonwealth Relations Secretary.

Lord Woolton, still recovering from acute peritonitis and pneumonia, becomes Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster—a sinecure cabinet post.

Sir Arthur Salter, who was Minister of State for Economic Affairs, becomes Minister of Materials and his previous post abolished.

EVEREST.—A Nepalese guide and two porters attached to the Swiss expedition attempting to scale the 29,002 foot Mount Everest have been killed in accidents, official reports said on Friday night.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

9-6; Jerusalem Biblical Zoo Ramema, Rm 11. Feeding time: 2-3 p.m.

8.30-12.30; 2-6: American Library and Reading Room, U.S. Consulate, Mamilla Road.

9-1; 2-5: Exhibitions Contemporary French Works of Art, donated by the artists and art-lovers of France, and other recent acquisitions and gifts. Victor Hugo, Designer. On the occasion of the 150th Anniversary of his birth. Chinese Arts From the Collection of the Museum. Exhibit of the Month: "The Dancer," chalk-drawing by Edgar Degas (1834-1917). Recent acquisitions of the Museum. Bezalel Museum.

10-1; 4-6: Exhibition of Oils and Gouaches by Rhoda Sigard. Artists House.

9-5: Archaeological Exhibition. Dept. of Antiquities. Also Temporary exhibition on Recent excavations at Rehov Shlomo Hamelech.

10-5: Sambadita Tombs.

TEL AVIV

9-5: National Exhibition, over 200 painters from all over the country participating. Museum.

5 p.m.: "Acoustic and Old Loss." Chamber Theatre, Mograbi Hall.

8 p.m.: "Lady Precious Stream." Chamber Theatre, Ohel Shem Hall.

RAMAT GAN

8.30 p.m.: Li-La-Lo, Wonderful Revue. "It Will be Good." Rama Hall.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Alba, Zion Square, 3720. Meher Baruch, 31 Tahkemoni, 2004.
TEL AVIV: Merapo, 77 Allenby, 3457. Zucker, 27 Shatskin, 3697. Hygea, 22 Hagdud Ha'ivri, 67366. Bikkiy, 1 Dizengoff Square, 63561. Zivo, Hatikva Qr., 67467. Nogo (Jaffa), 2 Rehov 208. GIVATAYIM: Mizrachiy, Bursohov Qr. RAMAT GAN: Litahin, 19 Hazofe. HAIFA: Hazofe, 43 Herzl, 3914. Hagalil, 19 Allenby.
KIRYAT MOTZKIN: Mizrahi, 7282.

AT THE CINEMA

"PLAISIR" (Orion, Tel Aviv) is made up of three Maupassant stories. Although all of them reveal a fine grasp of the literary essence of the short story, only two of them are suitable for cinematic exploitation — the story of the gallant ladies who close their brothel in a small Normandy town to attend the first Communion of a young relative of "madame" herself, and the story of the young painter who leaves his lover-model "for ever", only to marry her after she has jumped from a window and broken both her legs; the painter is now chained to a cripple for life.

While the first story of the elderly man who, with the mask of a young epicure before him visits all the halls in Montmartre, and will probably continue to do so until he dies does not offer enough dramatic material, the sequence of the girls' outing gives the director, Max Ophuls (of 'La Ronde' fame) the occasion for a most charming cinematic analysis, in which he even succeeds in maintaining the literary flavour of the story. The train journey of the girls, their sincere emotion at the village church, and finally the almost tragical farewell from the the elderly peasant (marvellously portrayed by Jean Gabin) are French film and literature at their best.

The story of the lover and his model, although not of the same standard, is well executed and gives Simone Simon a good opportunity to show her undiminished artistic power.

"Flying Dutchman"

PANDORA and the Flying Dutchman" (Mograbi) is a far-fetched British modernization of the 'Flying Dutchman' saga. Fascinating as the idea may be, it is rather clumsily handled, and when the Flying Dutchman (James Mason) leaves the Spanish coast after his usual disappointment with women, we are sure that at least, another seven years will have to pass before he will try his luck again. One does not have to be the Flying Dutchman, however, to leave such characters as Ava Gardner and an ensemble of not very talented British actors and directors as quickly as possible. Mo.

Hanukka Ball

Under the auspices of the Hitachduth Olei Britannia, the South African Zionist Federation, the Hitachduth Olei America,

will be held at E.O.A. House, 28 Rehov Ibn Gabirol, Tel Aviv on Sunday, December 14, 1952

Tickets at IL.3 single and IL.5 double, are available from the office of the Hitachdut Olei Britannia, 7 Rehov Levontin, Tel. 67240, and the South African Zionist Federation, 109 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 4719.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

5 HAIFA SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS

A LIMITED NUMBER OF SUBSCRIPTION TICKETS still available at the I.P.O. Office, Haifa, 33 Rehov Herzl, (9-1, 4-7).

SUBSCRIPTION CONCERT No. 3 HAIFA.
Tonight, Nov. 26 — Series 1
Tomorrow, Thursday, Nov. 27 Series 2

IDA HENDEL RECITAL
At the Piano: MOSHE LUSTIG
TEL AVIV.
Ohel Shem, Saturday, November 29, at 8.30 p.m.
Sale of tickets at the I.P.O. Office, 56 Rehov Allenby, (11-2, 4-6)

Notice to the Public

The Ministry of Communications — Controller of Road Transport and the Central Bureau of Statistics of the Prime Minister's Office wish to inform all truck drivers: Re. Registration and counting of vehicles — to be carried out in the framework of the Census of Points of Departure and Arrival of Freight.

On Wednesday, November 26 from 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. the registration and counting of all trucks on the roads will take place in order to get a precise picture of the amount of traffic on the roads on that day. All truck drivers are requested to tender their full co-operation in order to ensure speedy and efficient operation of the registration.

CONTROLLER OF ROAD TRANSPORT—MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS.
CENTRAL BUREAU OF STATISTICS OF THE PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE.

RESIDENTS IN ABSENTEE PROPERTY BUILDINGS IN HAIFA.

As from today and until further notice, the Public Committee for the Distribution of Absentee Property vacant buildings, Haifa, will cease to fix applications for the transfer of a contract from one person to another.

The Custodian will issue an Order demanding the immediate evacuation of any building in the event of a transfer taking place without the agreement of the Custodian and the Committee.

CHAIRMAN OF THE PUBLIC COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRIBUTION OF VACANT ABSENTEE PROPERTY BUILDINGS

JERUSALEM CINEMAS

2, 5.30 & 8.30 p.m.

ARNON: Last of the Buccaneers.
EDEN: Two Young to Kiss.
EDISON: The Wicked City.
OR-GIL: Painting the Clouds with Sunshine.
ORION: Along the Great Divide.
STUDIO: No Minor Vices.
ZION: My Favourite Spy.

Haifa Cinemas

AZMON. (Tel. 3903): "Scaux Piets"

אתא חברה לטכסטיל בע"מ
ATA TEXTILE COMP. LTD.

DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 5, 1952.

The increase in the exchange rate from $ 2.80 to $ 1 to the Israel Pound makes it imperative, in the opinion of the Directors, to revalue the Fixed Assets of the Company.

While the value of Current Assets is automatically adjusted in the course of business, investments in Fixed Assets, unless revalued, continue to appear in the Balance Sheet at original cost, irrespective of changes in their value.

Machinery and Plant were imported from abroad over the years at the rates varying from $ 5 to the Israel Pound in 1934 to $ 1 in 1952. As costs are recorded in Israel Pounds only, no difference could be made between the Israel Pound which purchased $ 5 and that which purchased $ 1.

Apart from this, prices at source have risen continously. This rise is not casual, but is the consequence of a basic inflationary trend in the whole world, including the U.S.A., which is our main supplier.

To continue showing these investments at cost is misleading and to use cost prices and not replacement prices as a basis for depreciation, harmful to the interests of the Company, which in that way would not be able to preserve its fixed capital.

What applies to machinery and plant applies as well to buildings, the greater part of which were erected at a cost only a fraction of that prevailing today.

The Directors, therefore, propose to revalue, as at January 1, 1952, the investments in machinery, plant and factory buildings, which are the assets directly employed in production and the revaluation of which affects the use of resulting profits. They do not propose at the moment to revalue investments in land, dwelling houses and Subsidiary Companies, although their intrinsic value too is far in excess of their present book value.

A Balance Sheet showing the proposed revaluation and a Report by the Auditors of the Company on the way in which the revaluation was effected, is submitted herewith for consideration and approval.

The revalued investment amounts to IL.4,302,906 as against the original investment of IL.749,466, leaving a surplus of IL.3,553,442, which has been carried to reserve.

The Directors must point out, however, that depreciation in the past was based on original cost and, therefore, became inadequate. The sum of IL.3,553,442 is accordingly larger than the amount that can be considered to be the increase in the net value of the assets. The Directors propose to transfer to an Appreciation Reserve the amount of IL.2,000,000 only and to put the balance of IL.1,553,442, which will have to be filled in by extra depreciation in future, to the credit of a Depreciation Equalization Account.

The Directors hope that the Income Tax Authorities will acknowledge and accept the claim for the allowance of depreciation calculated on the basis of the revalued investments. They will use every endeavour to this effect in respect of both current allocations and extra allocations for the past.

In view of the rising production and the corresponding fuller use made of the Fixed Assets, the Directors feel that a partial capitalisation of the revaluation reserve can be recommended. They propose to issue to Ordinary Shareholders Bonus Shares entitled to dividend as from 1.1.52 at the rate of 15 Ordinary Shares "A" of IL.1 each in respect of every 100 Ordinary Shares "A" and 15 Ordinary Shares "C" of IL.1 each in respect of every 10 Ordinary Shares "B" or 100 Ordinary Shares "C" held, fractions of IL.1 being disregarded. The issued and paid up Ordinary Share Capital is at present IL.1,696,454.

In order to give the holders of Preference Shares in your Company, the total amount of which is at present IL.88,833, the opportunity of participating in the above issue of Bonus Shares, the Directors propose to pass a special resolution as mentioned in the Agenda.

In view of an intended issue of convertible debentures, the proposed issue of Bonus Shares and, finally, in view of the option granted to holders of Ordinary Shares in our Subsidiary, "Kurdanah" Textile Works Ltd., valid until 31.12.1954, to have their shares exchanged into Ordinary Shares in your Company, the Directors propose an increase of the Share Capital of the Company by IL.2,000,000.

HANS MOLLER — *Managing Director*
J. ABRAMOV — *Secretary*

Kfar Ata, November 16, 1952.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 467 M.; HAIFA: 249 M.; TEL AVIV: 49.6, 31.3 & 522 M.

FIRST PROGRAMME

NEWS: Hebrew: 7, 7.30 a.m., 12.00, 1.30, 6.15, 8.30 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic: 2.15 & 6.30 p.m.
Programme (including News): 8 a.m. Service. 6.55 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (Rec.). 7.15 Melodies (Rec.). 8.30 Close Down.
10.30 a.m. Music While You Work (Rec.). 11.00 Requests (Rec.). 11.40 Housewives' Corner. 12.02 Programme for Hospitals (Rec.). 12.30 Concert Hall: Concerto No.1 for Piano and Orchestra (Rachmaninoff); Symphony No.4, (Shostakovitch). 1.40 Break for Music. 3.00 Close Down.
4 p.m. Variety. 4.30 Tea Time Music. 5.00 Vocal Recital: James Malone. 5.45 Children's Hour. 7.00 Readings from the Works of President Weizmann. 7.07 Programme Announcements. 7.10 Talk. 7.20 Carnival Request Programme. 7.50 "What's New in Science." 8.00 "Records Just Arrived." 8.30 Bible Reading. 8.45 Newsreel. 9.00 "Twenty Questions." 9.30 Vocal Recital: Aaste Joel Bron. 10.00 Classical Requests: Concerto No.5 for Piano and Orchestra (Beethoven); "L'Arlesienne" (Bizet). 11.05 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

440, 225, 214 & 49.9 M.
English News: 1.45 p.m., 10.15 p.m.
French: 2.00 p.m.
4.00 p.m. "Music of Our Time" (Rec.). 4.45 Music (Rec.). 5.00 Programme for Youngsters. 6.20 Second Temple Period Literature. 6.30 Science Studio. 7.00 Music (Rec.). 8.00 Agricultural Corner. 8.15 Close Down.
Kol Zion Legola (31.5 M.): 11.15 p.m. Newsreel. 11.30 "On Behalf of Israel." 11.45 Kol Zion Vocal Ensemble.
ARMY PROGRAMME: (44.6, 214, 220 & 229 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Reveille. 7.00 Requests. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 Works by Rimsky-Korsakov. 8.00 Musical Quiz. 8.35 Tomorrow's Programme. 8.50 News. 8.59 Music. 9.00 "Twenty Questions." 9.30 Music. 10.00 Close Down.
VOICE OF AMERICA: Hebrew Programmes: 9-9.30 p.m. (13, 16, 19 & 25 M.); Interview with M. Kach.
B.B.C.: HEBREW BROADCASTS: (20.52 & 30.51 M.): 6.30 p.m. News. 6.40 News Talk. 6.45 Listener's Forum.

THE HEBREW NATIONAL
OPERA

TEL AVIV — Habimah — Tuesday, Dec. 2 — 8 p.m.
PETAH TIKVA — Haichal — Thurs., Dec. 4 — 8.30 p.m.

Khovanchina
Musical Drama in 5 Acts
By M. MOUSSORGSKY
Orchestrated by
N. A. RIMSKY-KORSAKOV
Participants
EDIS DE PHILIPPE
D. Dvora, Z. Cohen, D. Halperin, Dov-Tydor, J. Pollak, O. Reich, M. Savir, A. Mandil, J. Segal, E. Bergstein, Ilse Shenker, M. Hoch, M. Kahlin, E. David, and enlarged chorus and ballet.
Conductor: M. GOLDSTEIN.
Tickets Sedim, 67 Allenby, Tel Aviv and at the Habimah box-office, "Kaufi," 9 Ramros, Jaffa.

Tel Aviv—Jaffa Citizen!
HAVE YOU BOUGHT
Hamilveh Ha'ironi Bonds
for the construction of schools and kindergartens?
Available at all banks in town.

BAR
CAFE
RESTAURANT
OF
HOTEL GAZIT
2 Rehov Ezrahoff
& Dizengoff Sq.
Tel Aviv, Tel. 62810

Will be reopened today, Wednesday, November 26, 1952
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
FIRST CLASS CUISINE — EXCELLENT SERVICE
MODERATE PRICES.
Arrangement of private and Dinner-parties.

אתא חברה לטכסטיל בע"מ
ATA TEXTILE COMP. LTD.
BALANCE SHEET AS AT JANUARY 1, 1952.
(after Revaluation of Assets)
(in full IL.)

CAPITAL AND RESERVES

	Authorized	Issued and Paid Up
	IL.	IL.
Ordinary Shares "A" of IL. 1 each	294,440	294,432
Ordinary Shares "B" of IL.10 each	755,560	644,540
Ordinary Shares "C" of IL. 1 each	120,000	36,633
Preference " "B" of IL. 1 each	100,000	97,250
Preference " "C" of IL. 1 each	310,000	275,794
Unclassified Shares	470,000	—
	2,000,000	1,398,639
Reserves and Undistributed Profits as at 31.12.51		281,726
		1,670,177
Appreciation Reserve		2,000,000
Depreciation Reserve as at 31.12.51	697,292	
Depreciation Equalization Account	1,553,442	2,251,035
CREDITORS AND PROVISIONS		308,660
		IL.6,129,872

FIXED ASSETS

	Original Cost	Appreciated Value
	IL.	IL.
Lands	20,474	20,474
Dwellings	143,873	143,873
Factory Buildings	248,026	1,313,305
Plant and Equipment	501,440	2,989,603
	913,813	4,467,255
Advance Payment on account of Machinery and Equipment ordered		306,805
Investment in Subsidiary Companies (Shares at cost)		341,981
		5,116,011
CURRENT ASSETS		1,013,861

On behalf of the Board
HANS MOLLER
J. ABRAMOV

IL.6,129,872

Note: Following new share issues and the conversion of Preference Shares into Ordinary Shares the composition of the Issued and Paid Up Share Capital on October 31, 1952, was as follows:

Ordinary Shares "A"	302,606
Ordinary Shares "B"	1,121,800
Ordinary Shares "C"	262,040
Preference " "B"	20,600
Preference " "C"	89,088
	IL.1,798,147

The Directors,
Ata Textile Company Ltd.,
Kfar Ata.

Dear Sirs,

On your instructions we have investigated the system of Revaluation of Assets of your Company as at January 1, 1952, and report as follows:

Factory Buildings and Machinery and Plant only have been revalued. No revaluation was calculated on Lands and Living Quarters; investments in Subsidiary Companies were not appreciated in spite of the fact that the Assets of the Kurdanah Textile Works Ltd. were similarly revalued in the accounts of that Company.

The process of revaluation has been carried out in two stages:

In the first place the value of the Machinery and Plant was established at Replacement cost in 1951, on the basis of actual values at source in the years 1950-1951.

Secondly, all values so established were recalculated at the rate of $1=IL.1.

Factory Buildings were revalued on the following lines:
Class 1 at IL.100 per sq. m.
Class 2 at IL. 60 per sq. m.
Class 3 at IL. 30 per sq. m.

As a result of this Revaluation, the total Appreciation of the Assets considered, amounts to IL.3,553,442. This amount, on a conservative estimate, has been allocated in the following manner:

To Appreciation Reserve	IL.2,000,000
To Depreciation Equalization Account	IL.1,553,442

In our opinion, having regard to our above observations, the Revaluation has been correctly and conservatively calculated so as to establish the actual Replacement Value and the Net Value of the Assets as at January 1, 1952.

Yours faithfully,
HATTIS, DAVID, SCHREUER & Co.
Public Accountants—Auditors.

Haifa, November 12, 1952.

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	°A	B	C	D
Mt. Cone'on	22	9	13	13
Haifa	24	14	19	21
Nathanya	22	12	21	22
Tel Aviv Port	24	13	20	22
Lydda	22	12	18	22
Jerusalem	20	9	14	16
Mishmar Ha'emek	—	—	20	24
Beth Shean	25	13	20	24
Tiberias	24	14	20	24

FORECAST — Partly cloudy. Becoming cloudy towards evening with showers.

°A) Humidity at 3 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday. D) Maxim. temp. expected today.

* * *

A NOMINAL fine of 100 pruta was imposed on a 62-year-old man by the Tel Aviv Anti-Profiteering Court yesterday for selling chocolate on the black market. ASKING FOR a bribe to conceal a shoe dealer's black market activities, Itzhak Aharonoff and Moshe Asherott, both inspectors of the Food Control office, were each sentenced to three months imprisonment by the same court yesterday.

* * *

THE PRELIMINARY investigation into the Bezalel Museum theft opened in Tel Aviv yesterday, when Leo Feldman, 32, of Tel Aviv was charged before the Tel Aviv Magistrate with wilfully receiving stolen property. According to the charge sheet, Feldman bought a quantity of gold worth an estimated IL.600 in June this year, knowing it to have been stolen.

* * *

THE NATIONAL Planning Council yesterday decided to refer to a special sub-committee the demand of residents of the David Ma'barа near Haifa, to be moved from tin-can huts to permanent dwellings.

* * *

138 METRES of irrigation pipe were stolen Monday night from a settlement in the Jerusalem corridor. A match box, made in Nahlus, was found. Tracks of ten persons led to the border.

* * *

MOSHE FREIMAN who, with his brother, Shlomo, is accused of taking money under false pretences from 91 people, told the Tel Aviv District Court yesterday that he was fully to blame for his actions and that his brother was innocent. The two men are charged with obtaining money for a fictitious housing project in Abu Kebir.

Yadin Presents Unit With 'Hygiene Banner'

TEL AVIV, Tuesday.— The Chief of Staff, Rav Aluf Yigael Yadin, today presented the "Chief of Staff's Hygiene Banner" to the winning unit in a nationwide hygiene competition among all Army units. The ceremony took place in an Army camp in the Northern Command. A banner presented by the Commander, Northern Command, Aluf Moshe Dayan, was also awarded to the unit.

The visitors later toured a health and hygiene exhibition arranged in the camp.

Mandelbrot Styles Self As 'Unlucky Underdog'

HAIFA, Tuesday. — Accused of the premeditated murder of a fellow worker, Zalman Mandelbrot, 36, continued his evidence in a tense and crowded courtroom at the District Court here today. With tears in his eyes, he recalled his Army service. He said he was "an unlucky underdog," and had suffered several head injuries in six different accidents.

He did not know until he gave himself up that he had killed Schiffman ("my best friend") and not Liuba Kreiner, his alleged lover, whom he sought to kill, Mandelbrot said. After the shooting he found himself on the Kiryat Binyamin water tower where two attempts to shoot and one to electrocute himself had failed. He recoiled at the last moment from hanging himself or jumping to his death. He decided to give himself up believing the police would shoot him for his crimes.

At one point Mandelbrot said there were many facts that would help him, but he could not remember them because he was confused. He asked the Court to let him pour out all his heart or else "do what you like with me." Some of those present, including police officers, had tears in their eyes during some parts of the evidence which is to continue tomorrow.

TEN YEARS' JAIL FOR INFILTRATING

NAZARETH, Tuesday.—Found guilty of illegally entering the country from Jordan and carrying arms, two armed infiltrators were sentenced to 10 years in prison by a three-man military court here today.

The third accused, 16-years old, was sentenced to five years because of his youth. Rav-Seren Moshe March presided over the Court, and Mr. E. Gross was appointed to defend the accused.

RATION NEWS

JERUSALEM — Cheese: Aleph, Bet, Gimmel, 250 grams. Lamed 4, temporary 45, cases 3, 4. Yogurt: 250 grams. Heh 13, cases 4, 10. Cheese: 250 grams, cases 13, temporary 39, milk 1, 3, jam: 450 grams, cases 142, temporary 31. Laundry: same as plan per person, additional plan as Aleph, cases 341, temporary 11.

TEL AVIV — Yogurt: same as Jerusalem Het Aleph 2, Het Bet 4, Het Gimmel and 20, 250 grams. Cheese: 250 grams, coupons 3, 4, cases 7 to 12.

Yad Chaim Planner Presents Details of Weizmann Memorial

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — The Yad Chaim Planning Committee has started its work and has already held several meetings, Mr. Meyer Weisgal, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Weizmann Institute of Science in Rehovot and Chairman of the Planning Committee, told The POST yesterday. Mr. Weisgal left by Air France for the U.S. today, in connection with the work of the Institute. He expects to return in January. While in New York he will attend the Weizmann memorial dinner to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel next month at which Mrs. Vera Weizmann has agreed to be present.

A group of five architects and engineers is drawing up plans for the Memorial project, which includes the area of the Weizmann residence and grounds in which the President is buried; the Weizmann Institute, the Bieff Institute and the Agricultural Research Station. The architects and engineers are donating their services.

The Memorial is to include the construction of a building to house the President's papers; the publication of all of Dr. Weizmann's speeches and writings, in about 10 volumes, and the granting of 78 scholarships, one for each year of Dr. Weizmann's life, to local scientists to study abroad and for foreign scientists, Jews and non-Jews, to study in Israel.

Publication of Writings

The publication of the late President's writings will be in the hands of a committee of distinguished men, including Mr. Zalman Shazar; Israel Ambassador A. Eban; Professor Isaiah Berlin of Oxford University; and Mr. Maurice Samuel.

No public appeal would be launched to raise funds for the Memorial project, Mr. Weisgal said, as many persons abroad, Jews and non-Jews, had already stated that they wished to participate by making donations.

ITIM reports from an authoritative source that the Weizmann residence and its grounds, valued at IL.300,000, will be transferred to the Yad Chaim Committee when the other arrangements have been completed. The Jewish National Fund will be responsible for preparing the ground and laying out roadways.

Rain Prods Immigrants Into Accepting Huts

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — One hundred families of the many living in tents in the Bet Lidd ma'bara appealed to the Agency's Absorption Department this morning to move them into wooden units ready for them at Kfar Yona.

For the last two months residents at Bet Lidd had refused to move from their ma'bara, demanding huts on the spot. The strong downpour during the night and most of the morning, however, broke down what the Agency termed their "instigated resistance." In Hirya ma'bara near here, where 140 families live in torn tents into which water poured in today, the resistance to move weakened and three families consented to go. Others are expected to follow. In general, today's rain did not seriously affect the ma'barot, though the earth was turned into thick mud.

Throughout the country feverish work is in progress to prepare wooden huts for 2,000 ma'barot families at present living in shoddy tents. These families are expected to move to dry dwellings within a fortnight.

Poses as Collector In Toy Fund Drive

TEL AVIV, Tuesday.—A man is believed to be going from house to house here, posing as a JERUSALEM POST Toy Fund cash collector. Dr. A. Wyler, independent to The Post, is warning to say that a young man had come to his house and had presented himself to a collector, showing a clipping of the Toy Fund and a blank receipt book. The Post has no such collectors and the public is asked to inform the police immediately if so approached.

New Pipes Fail To Prevent Jaffa Flood

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Residents of Rehov Elath, Rehov Tarshish, Jerusalem Boulevard and Third Street in Jaffa were surprised today to find their streets flooded after the rains of the past 24 hours. These streets have been flooded every year, but last summer new drainage pipes were laid.

In Jaffa and in parts of Tel Aviv Yemenite "gondoliers" did their usual good seasonal business ferrying pedestrians over the flooded streets in push-carts.

In Ramle, 50 families who had last winter been evacuated from their dilapidated houses and had been put up in party offices and clubs in the town were today moved into wooden huts built for them by the Municipality. Each family paid IL.300 for their new dwellings.

THE S.S. ARTZA is due in Haifa this evening, and not tomorrow morning, the Shoham Company has announced.

Personal Notices

MARTIN WRZESINSKI — Haifa
MARGOT WRZESINSKI (Bloch) — Jerusalem

MARRIED

Haifa, November 1952.

With great sorrow we have to announce that

Miss Signe Ekblad

former Rector of the Swedish School, Jerusalem, passed away peacefully on November 19, 1952 in Sweden.

SWEDISH JERUSALEM SOCIETY

17th Medical Congress Opens in Haifa

HAIFA, Tuesday. — Several hundred Israel doctors gathered at Bet Harofeh here this evening for the opening of the Israel Medical Association's 17th Congress which will last for three days.

In his opening address Prof. H. Zondek paid tribute to the late Chaim Weizmann. He touched upon professional and scientific problems confronting Israel doctors, such as the demand for continued medical training, the advantages and dangers of growing specialization and the relation of the physician to his patient. While no startling discoveries have been made during the last two years, gains already made had been consolidated.

Dr. G. Rosenkranz, of Haifa, was elected Chairman of the Congress. Tomorrow's lectures will be devoted to diseases of new immigrants, and on Thursday liver diseases will be the main subject.

45 CAUGHT POLIO LAST MONTH

Forty-five persons fell ill with infantile paralysis in October, it was announced yesterday.

The cause of deaths for the second quarter of 1952, April through June, shows more or less the same pattern as for the first quarter, the Central Bureau of Statistics and Economic Research announced yesterday. The changes were due mainly to seasonal causes. Deaths from pneumonia dropped from 114 to 86, bronchitis from 17 to nine, while those from gastro-enteritis, diarrhoea and similar diseases rose from 33 to 105, of which 80 occurred in infants.

Tires Stolen in Capital

Unknown persons slashed the tires of Mr. A. Kamal's truck, parked in Rehov Shamai in Jerusalem on Monday night.

The same night, five tires were stolen from the car of Haim Freedman in the Katamon quarter. The same gang, while removing the tires from the car of Edith Brinker, were apparently alarmed since they left without taking the loot.

In the same quarter, a shop was broken into and a Butagaz tank and a baby carriage were stolen. *(Ittim.)*

JOBLESS DEMONSTRATE AT ACRE TOWN HALL

ACRE, Tuesday. — About 100 jobless persons demonstrated inside the Municipality offices today. They stopped work in some departments and demanded transport to Jerusalem to demonstrate at the Labour Ministry.

Communist agitators reportedly spurred the men on. About 300 job seekers were registered at the Labour Exchange here today.

FOUR RAILWAY employees were injured when their powered railway tender was hit by a truck at a level crossing near Kfar Darom on Monday. They were given first aid at Soroka Hospital and sent home.

New Stamps

This 30 pruta postage due stamp is one of a series of nine to be issued on Sunday. Stamp collectors will be able to buy the stamps only at the Philatelic Services, 2 Rehov Pinsker, Tel Aviv.

Furniture, Food Push Up Index

The four point increase—to 173 points —in the cost-of-living index in October reflects mainly increases for furniture and household utensils and food, according to figures released yesterday by the Central Bureau of Statistics and Economic Research.

Higher prices for "lakol" furniture account for the 6.4 point increase in this category. Prices dropped, however, for iron beds, mattresses, pillows and towels.

The principal food items accounting for the 3.3 point hike in this category were tomatoes, cucumbers, peppers, bananas, cheese and lemon juice.

Clothing and footwear rose by 1.1 points due to higher prices for winter clothing such as furcoats, trousers, and woollen shirts.

Miscellaneous went up by 1.9 points following higher prices for jewellery, household help and cosmetics. Prices dropped, however, for soap and soap powder.

Father Leaves Child To Fight in Brawl

Because Avraham Dahan, 45, of Beth Hakerem, Jerusalem, took pity on a two-year-old child who was being held by her drunken father in a brawl, in Mahane Yehuda this week, he has been left with the child on his hands, and he and the police are now looking for the father.

Dahan took the child from the scene of the fight after giving the father his address. The latter has not yet claimed the child from him.

Ministries to Examine Local Gov't Straits

TEL AVIV, Tuesday—The Ministry of the Interior is setting up a committee of representatives of the Health, Labour and Finance Ministries together with representatives of local authorities, to examine what grants are needed by local government.

This was revealed today by Mr. Eliahu Meron, Director-General of the Ministry of the Interior, at a meeting of the League of Local Authorities here today. He promised that the Government would advise banks to offer credits to municipalities and councils to meet their current shortage of funds, but pointed out that measures should be taken immediately to reduce wastage, to cut down on any luxury building in favour of standard constructions, to reduce staffs, and in the last resort to diminish services.

The League's meeting, chaired by Mr. F. Rashish, mayor of Petah Tikva, dwelt particularly on the inability of local authorities to meet their education and welfare expenses, which are only partially paid by the Government.

Amman Protests Israel Use of Jordan's Waters

AMMAN, Tuesday (Reuter). — Jordan has asked the governments of France, Britain and America to stop Israel from drawing quantities of water from the River Jordan.

In a memorandum sent on November 15 Jordan said Israelis had established a plant 10 kms. south of the junction of the rivers Jordan and Yarmouk to draw off water. This was regarded as infringing Jordan's rights to the water, which irrigates vast areas, and as harmful to refugee schemes.

AT A MEETING of the Hadera Municipality on Monday night it was unanimously decided to effect a ten per cent reduction on taxes if the residents pay taxes due till March, 1953 in a lump sum by next month.

Denmark Gives Israel Payments Union Rights

Denmark is to import citrus products from Israel in the coming year to the value of 800,000 kroner, tomato juice for 300,000 kroner, and various other products worth 1,000,000 kroner.

This was agreed to in the trade agreement between Israel and Denmark, signed in Copenhagen on November 14, it was learned in Jerusalem yesterday. The basic point of the agreement is that imports from Israel have been accorded the same privileges as enjoyed by those countries in the European Payments Union.

As a result Danish importers will get free import licences for all goods included in the "free list" of the Payments Union. As items such as citrus and tomato juice are not listed by the Union, the above fixed quotas were established.

The sale of those goods on the "free list" in the Danish market depends on whether they will be able to compete in price and quality with products from other countries of the European Payments Union.

A special import licence is to be issued for 50 Kaiser cars from Israel, which will serve as "running stock" of Israel cars with Danish car dealers. Israel has already exported textiles to Denmark, where they were favourably received.

Israel's imports from Denmark will be composed of 50 per cent agricultural products, 40 per cent industrial products, fish and 10 per cent industrial products. The exchange of goods will be to the value of about 20 million kroner—plus-minus—in each direction.

Stay of Execution Denied Rosenbergs

NEW YORK, Tuesday (Reuter). — Ethel and Julius Rosenberg, who are due to be executed in Sing Sing prison during the week of January 12, were denied a stay of execution yesterday.

Federal Judge Edward Weinfeld denied their lawyer's plea, but scheduled a hearing tomorrow of their motion to have their convictions invalidated. The Rosenbergs were convicted in March, 1951 of passing atomic secrets to Russia.

Cables in Brief

FRANCO. — Col. Adib Shishakly, Syrian dictator, has awarded General Francisco Franco the Umayyad medal as a tribute to the Spanish leader's career.

HUNGARY. — Hungary dismissed yesterday that Yugoslavia recall immediately her Charge d'Affaires in Budapest. A note accuses Militan Rimalitsa, the Yugoslav emissary, of helping Yugoslav agents to commit "provocations, espionage and other crimes in Hungary."

MOSCOW.—Moscow City court has imposed prison sentences ranging from five to 25 years on 10 reputed bankers charged with buying milk and woollen fabrics in Moscow and selling them at speculative prices at Tiflis, capital of Georgia.

RELEASED.—Three U.S. soldiers who were arrested on the edge of Berlin on Sunday were released early yesterday. They were out hunting on the West Berlin German boundary when held at gun point by German police.

INVITATION.—The Greek Government yesterday formally invited Italian Premier Alcide de Gasperi to visit Greece on December 8.

NEW COMMANDER.—The Indonesian Government yesterday appointed a new military commander in south Sumatra where officers last Sunday deposed the acting military commander.

RESCUE WORK.—Rescuers carried youngsters to safety through dense smoke when a Children's Home near Winchester, Hampshire caught fire on Monday night. Twenty-one children, some of them very old, were shepherded out of the blazing building in their night clothes. One boy, slightly burned, was taken to hospital.

TRAGEDY. — In Newportville, U.S. a three-year-old boy and his seven-year-old sister suffocated in the family refrigerator while their mother Mrs. Betty Kugel, 40, was at work yesterday. Mrs. Kugel, a widow, said she left the children in the care of an older sister, Nancy, aged nine. Nancy told police that while playing across the street the younger children said they were tired and returned home. There they crawled into the refrigerator and accidentally locked themselves in.

YUGOSLAVIA.—The Yugoslav Minister of Marine, Mex Brace, has been appointed envoy to Japan.

INFECTED.—Film star Avi Gardner was yesterday ordered to hospital to clear a "mystical bug" infection picked up while filming in Kenya. The 29-year-old actress flew into London from Africa on doctors orders on Sunday night.

GUILLOTINED.—The French House of Commons by 281 votes to 255—a Government majority of 26—on Monday night approved a Government proposal to guillotine debate on the remaining stages of a bill to return state-owned road transport to private ownership. This means that there will be a strict time-table with ten days allotted to the various stages of the bill when it next comes up for debate.

RETURNS HOME.—Senor Miguel Maura, 66, Minister of the Interior during the early days of the Spanish Republic, returned to Spain yesterday after an absence of 16 years. Senor Maura, a leader of the Republican Conservative group, left Spain shortly before the civil war began in 1936, and since then has been living in France.

MECCA.—The Saudi Arabian Government has complained of two recent flights by unidentified planes over Mecca and Medina. In future, anti-aircraft fire will be opened against planes "violating the sanctity of these places" a communique warns.

MURAD.—Lolla Murad, the leading Egyptian film star, has contributed LE.1,500 to the welfare fund of the Egyptian Army, Miss Murad, a Jewess, was recently cleared of charges of having given money to Israel.

DIESEL.—An improved Napier jet engine has been developed by Armstrong Siddeley to run on kerosene, diesel oil or wide-cut turbine fuel. The Sapphire is used to power the Gloster Javelin delta-wing fighter and the American version of the Canberra twin jet bomber.

ITALY. — Italian President Luigi Einaudi yesterday received the credentials of Turkish Ambassador Faik Zihni Akdur and Netherlands Minister Hendrik Nicholas Boon.

TELEVISION. — Robert E. Sherwood, one of America's foremost playwrights on four times winner of Pulitzer Prizes for literature, has contracted with the National Broadcasting Company to write nine original plays for television.

Classified Advertisements

Published on Sundays — Wednesdays — Fridays

Accepted at all JERUSALEM POST advertising offices

JERUSALEM : 9 Rehov Hahavatselet
TEL AVIV : 32 Nahlat Benyamin
13 Rehov Frishman (Barth Sweet Shop)
HAIFA : 1 Khayat Street
RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar

Advertisements also accepted through all recognized agencies.

WANTED HOUSEKEEPER-GOVERNESS

for household with 2 children (aged 5 and 9); sleeping-in preferred; full-time maid employed. Apply with references only by phoning 5494, Tel Aviv, between 6-8 p.m.

BOOKS—LIBRARIES

FOR SALE Encyclopaedia Britannica. Excellent condition, 12th edition. Apply: No.19683, P.O.B. 91, Jerusalem.

LESSONS

ENGLISH lessons given by British-born lady teacher (conversation and grammar). Apply: CL.22913, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

OPTICS—PHOTO

PHOTO BRENNER
31 Rehov Hehalutz, Haifa, for photo-mats. Tel. 4137.

ROOMS-FLATS-HOUSES

EXCHANGE: 3 rooms only near Jewish Agency, old house, offered for same in Katamon or German Colony. Must be Luxury Property. Apply: Box 19682, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

NICELY furnished room to let in modern private flat, centre Jerusalem, part board. Apply, 24 Mohever, No. 19678, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

TO LET furnished room for couple, (use of cook's kitchen). Apply: Rehov Midbar Shimon Zion, near Hayarkon Hospital, Tel Aviv.

DIPLOMATS and tourists! Furnished flat of 3 rooms in Ramat Gan, complete with bath, kitchen, refrigerator, to let by owners going abroad. Apply to Ephraim Advertising, 31 Rothschild Blvd., Tel Aviv, Tel 3982.

2½-ROOM luxury flat in cooperative house near Rehov Basel, Tel Aviv, for sale. Moderate price. No agents. Apply: CL.22913, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

TO LET beautiful room to couple for one year. Apply: 19 Rehov Alharizi, room 18, Tel Aviv.

TO LET beautiful unfurnished room, for single person (female). Immediate occupancy. Meanwel, 47 Rehov Ahuzat Zion, Tel Aviv, between 3-4 p.m.

WANTED TO RENT

two-room flat in Hadar Hacarmel. Write No. 17946, P.O.B. 4072, Haifa.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED experienced cook for factory restaurant near Haifa. Free transportation. Write stating experience, salary required. No.17964, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

SITUATIONS WANTED

CASHIER: 4 years in well-known firm, seeks another job, or part-time work as cashier. (Driving licence also available). Apply: No. 19681, P.O.B. 91, Jerusalem.

YOUNG LADY, presentable, University graduate, efficient, several languages, employed social field, wishes to change present position for interesting employment, no matter where, private also. Write: Romana, 31 Rehov Hazbani, Tel Aviv.

ENGLISH-Hebrew shorthand-typist (female), experienced translator, interested part-time job afternoons only, also bromwork. Write: CL.22915, P.O.B.1125, Tel Aviv.

ENGLISH French shorthand-typist (male) and general office assistant with bookkeeping experience seeks employment. Some Hebrew. Write: CL. 22916, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

SKILLED silkliner seeks work or partnership in Tel Aviv or surrounding; materials on hand. Write P.O.B. 149, Rehovot.

Reliable Accountant

many years experience, also experience in auditing, excellent Hebrew, English, German, wants to change position. Tel Aviv preferred. Best references. Write: No. 670, Advertising Centre, 40 Rehov Herzl, Haifa.

FIRST CLASS English shorthand-typist (male) and general office assistant, seeks employment. First-class references. Some Hebrew. Write: No. 17961, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

MISCELLANEOUS

Your WATCHMAKER

in Jerusalem for promptness and precision, Moshe Agronsky, Rehov Hahevlila, near Jerusalem Hotel.

WOULD the person who borrowed my old Minerva knitting books, 1942, please contact me: "Shanghaier," No.119679, P.O. Box 81, Jerusalem.

KURDANEH TEXTILE WORKS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING TO BE HELD ON DECEMBER 5, 1952

The increase in the exchange rate from $ 2.80 to $ 1 to the Israel Pound makes it imperative, in the opinion of the Directors, to revalue the Fixed Assets of the Company.

While the value of Current Assets is automatically adjusted in the course of business, investments in Fixed Assets, unless revalued, continue to appear in the Balance Sheet at original cost, irrespective of changes in their value.

Apart from the increase in the exchange rate, prices at source have risen considerably. This rise is not casual, but is the consequence of a basic inflationary trend in the whole world, including the U.S.A., which is our main supplier.

To continue showing these investments at cost is misleading, and to use cost prices and not replacement prices as a basis for depreciation, harmful to the interests of the Company, which in that way would not be able to preserve its fixed capital.

The Directors, therefore, propose to revalue, as at January 1, 1952, the investments in machinery, plant and factory buildings.

A Balance Sheet showing the proposed revaluation and a Report by the Auditors of the Company on the way in which the revaluation was effected, is submitted herewith for consideration and approval.

The revalued investment amounts to IL.1,926,971 as against the original investment of IL.569,822, leaving a surplus of IL.1,357,149.

The Directors must point out, however, that depreciation in the past was based on original cost prices and, therefore, became inadequate. The sum of IL.1,357,149 is accordingly larger than the amount that can be considered to be the increase in the net value of the assets. The Directors propose to transfer to an Appreciation Reserve the amount of IL.1,000,000 only and to put the balance of IL.357,149 which will have to be filled by extra depreciation in future, to the credit of a Depreciation Equalization Account.

In view of the rising production and the corresponding fuller use made of the Fixed Assets, the Directors feel that a partial capitalization of the revaluation reserve can be recommended. They propose to issue to Shareholders Bonus Shares entitled to dividend as from 1.1.52 at the rate of 15 Ordinary Shares "A" of IL.1 each in respect of every 100 Ordinary Shares "A" and 15 Ordinary Shares "C" of IL.1 each in respect of every 10 Ordinary Shares "B" held, fractions of IL.1 being disregarded.

In view of this proposed issue of Bonus Shares and the prospects of raising new capital, the Directors propose to resolve on an increase of the Share Capital of the Company by IL.500,000 and to create a new category of Ordinary Shares to be called Ordinary Shares "C".

HANS MOLLER — *Managing Director*
J. ABRAMOV — *Secretary*

Kfar Ata, November 16, 1952.

KURDANEH TEXTILE WORKS LTD.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JANUARY 1, 1952
(after Revaluation of Assets)
(in full IL.)

	Authorized	Issued and Paid Up		Original Cost	Appreciated Value
CAPITAL	IL.	IL.	**FIXED ASSETS**	IL.	IL.
Ordinary Shares "A" of IL. 1 each	417,050	417,050	Immovable Property	226,918	617,348
Ordinary Shares "B" of IL.10 each	182,950	138,980	Plant and Equipment	342,904	1,309,723
	600,000	554,030		569,822	1,926,971
Advance Payment on Application of Shares		5,000	Advances on account of increase of fixed assets		1,360
Profit and Loss Account, Balance of Profit as at December 31, 1951		462	Current Assets		181,703
		559,492			
Appreciation Reserve		1,000,000			
Depreciation Reserve as at 31.12.51	126,953				
Depreciation Equalization Account	357,149	484,102			
		2,043,594			
CREDITORS AND PROVISIONS		76,700			
		IL.2,120,094			IL.2,120,094

Note: Following new share issues the composition of the Issued and Paid up Share Capital on October 31, 1952, was as follows:

Ordinary Shares "A"	570,711
Ordinary Shares "B"	208,240
	IL.778,951

On behalf of the Board
HANS MOLLER
J. ABRAMOV

The Directors,
Kurdaneh Textile Works Ltd.,
Kfar Ata.

Dear Sirs,

On your instructions we have investigated the system of Revaluation of Assets of your Company as at January 1, 1952, and report as follows:

Only Factory Buildings and Machinery and Plant have been revalued. The process of revaluation has been carried out in two stages.

In the first place the value of the Machinery and Plant was established at Replacement cost in 1951, on the basis of actual values at source in the years 1950-1951. Secondly, all values so established were recalculated at the rate of $1=IL.1.

Factory Buildings were revalued on the following lines:
Class 1 at IL.100 per sq. m.
Class 2 at IL. 60 per sq. m.
Class 3 at IL. 30 per sq. m.

As a result of this Revaluation, the total Appreciation of the Assets considered, amounts to IL.1,357,149. This amount, on a conservative estimate, has been allocated in the following manner:

To Appreciation Reserve IL.1,000,000
To Depreciation Equalization Account IL. 357,149.

In our opinion, having regard to our above observations, the Revaluation has been correctly and conservatively calculated so as to establish the actual Replacement Value and the Net Value of the Assets as at January 1, 1952.

Yours faithfully,
HATTIS, DAVID, SCHREIER, & Co.
Public Accountants-Auditors.

Haifa, November 12, 1952.

THE JERUSALEM
POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily, except Saturday, in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Ltd. Registered at the G.P.O.

Founder and Editor
Gershon Agron
Managing Editor: Ted R. Lurie

Editorial Office & Management:
JERUSALEM, Edison Building, P.O.B. 81. Tel. 4215 (4 lines).
TEL AVIV Bureau: 32 Hakirya Square, P.O.B. 1125. Tel. 4251/7 (2 lines).
HAIFA, 1 Khayat St., P.O.B. 68. Tel. 4294 (2 lines).
Subscription Rates: IL.22.400 Foreign IL.31 per year.

Wednesday, November 26, 1952
Kislev 5, 5713. — Vol. XXVIII, No. 5973

EVERY student of East European trials knows of the rigid pattern followed by the Communist secret police.

TRIAL BY PROXY

Their addiction to trial by proxy is notorious. Trotsky was the real defendant in the Moscow trials, and not Raik but Tito was the accused in Budapest in 1949. Now in Prague it is again trial by proxy, and the accused this time is "world Jewry".

It is not Zionism that is indicted as such, for there is not a single Zionist among the defendants; Slansky, Gottwald and company would not now be within the shadow of the gallows if they had really been Zionists. Yesterday's editorial of "Rude Pravo" should make it abundantly clear (if any doubts persisted) that the anti-Zionist propaganda is mere eye-wash. There are no active Zionists left in Czechoslovakia, and the Communist leaders are not foolish enough to deal with a non-existent "danger." The real target of the propaganda campaign is the Jew. There might be secondary motives such as the wooing of some of the Arab rulers, as Column One points out, but there is no reason for assuming that this has been either a genuine or compelling cause. The sinister meaning behind it all is that Jews in the Eastern Bloc have somehow to be eliminated — they, not the Zionists, are the "enemies of the people."

In the past there were complaints about the denial of national self determination, about the closing of Jewish newspapers, and about discrimination against Jews in certain fields. Such disabilities have become rather trivial in the light of the doom awaiting the Jewish people. The danger that Jews in the Eastern Bloc will be assimilated against their will no longer exists — the Political Police will see to that, for the suspicion of real or supposed contact with "international Jewry" hangs over every Jew. What is to be feared is that Jews will suffer the same fate as those other peoples and minorities who were liquidated by being transferred to the waste and barren spaces of Northern Russia. Not many of those transferred will be alive in a number of years from now. Such peril might have been dismissed as a nightmare before the Prague trial, but now no longer.

There is a sinister humour in the "Rude Pravo" article: "The Zionists have collaborated with Hitler and Mussolini..." This unspeakable libel is designed to wipe out the infamy of Stalin's notorious message to Hitler in December 1939 — "The friendship of the peoples of the Soviet Union and Germany, cemented by blood, has every reason to be lasting and firm;" the Molotov speech of October 31, 1939: "Hitlerism is an ideology like every other; one can agree with it or not, but it is criminal folly to fight Hitlerism with arms"; and "Russia is vitally interested in a strong (Nazi) Germany in Europe."

And our local pocket Quislings? Have they forgotten their "Kol Ha'am" of 1940: "Peace with Hitler at any price!" "We are against the Zionist slogan of defending Palestine against the Nazis," "The main enemy is at home," "Palestine should be neutralised, the war effort sabotaged, the enlistment campaign boycotted." They who did not oppose Hitler when he began exterminating the Jews, can they be expected to fight his successors? But paradoxically enough it is the Mikunis', Wilners, and Sneh's who have been shattered by Prague even more than the rest of us. If previously they had hoped that one day they would be nominated Gauleiters, now the best they can hope for is to become Kapos — if they are not purged before. This may well explain their rage, and as they are not allowed to turn against their Kremlin masters, they vent their fury instead on the Government and their fellow citizens who do not want them as Kapos. A few more articles such as the "Rude Pravo" editorial, and a few more such scenes as the one in the Knesset yesterday, will effectively and completely isolate them and put them where they belong — beyond the pale.

FRANCE'S BURDEN KEY TO SOUTH EAST ASIA

Deadlock on Indo-China Front

By NORA BELOFF

PARIS —

THE Indo-Chinese war has now entered into the most violent and destructive phase of its seven years existence.

The two sides, the French and the Communist-controlled Viet Minh, are in fact both better equipped for destruction than ever before. The Americans have overcome the serious delays in promised arms deliveries. The French have had time to bring to the front massive supplies of American tanks, armoured vehicles and artillery. For the first time in the war, the French troops are supported by radar-equipped fighters and light bombers able to operate in poor visibility or at night.

But the Chinese aid to the troops of Ho Chi Minh's Viet Minh republic has countered the American aid to the French, though on a much cheaper scale. Viet Minh troops, according to recent reports from French officials are "excellently equipped". They have no planes and no heavy armour, but modern types of recoilless guns and bazookas and apparently an almost unlimited supply of munitions coming from China.

French Defences

Although this is a full-scale war in no sense comparable to the skirmishes and guerrilla actions in Malaya, a map is of very little help in following the rapid thrust and counter-thrust of the two combat forces; the one solid and dependable fact seems to be the entrenched French position in the Tonking [illegible] and in its capital at Hanoi.

Some French officials have estimated that 40,000 Viet Minh troops have infiltrated into the delta, but the French High Command is still confident that its defences there are impregnable. All around the perimeter of the delta, however, the two armies are hopelessly entangled so that each one seems to be both behind and in front of the other. There have been recent attacks when the French commanders themselves have not known whether they were falling into a local ambush or whether the troops under their command were the targets of a planned Communist offensive.

Viet-Minh Numbers

The fighting is in many ways comparable to the war in Korea. The forces under European command have greater fire power and mastery of the air, but the Asiatic armies, inferior in material, are superior in numbers and in fanaticism. Whether or not the French are correct in reporting that the Viet Minh soldiers have been drugged with alcohol made out of rice before combat, there is no doubt that they have displayed a terrifying, and to Europeans, incomprehensible, indifference to death. The French claim that since the renewal of the autumn fighting four weeks ago, the Viet Minh have already lost over 7,000 men to a French loss of 1,700.

Besides the fanaticism of the front-line troops, the Viet Minh also have the advantage of local support among the Annamite villages in most combat areas. Whether from fear or admiration, these have over and over again proved more willing to help the Ho Chi Minh forces than the pro-French Viet Nam Government of Emperor Bao Dai, whose troops are fighting on the French side. The French themselves concede that the country would provide very little mass resistance to the Communists if the Europeans withdrew.

On the other hand the French have successfully exploited separatist minorities inside the native community which, for religious, racial, linguistic or political reasons do not wish to be controlled by a central Viet Minh Government.

Minorities Exploited

But for political as well as military reasons the war has now reached a deadlock. Today it can safely be said that no amount of killing can bring either side victory.

The Chinese can never afford to let Indo-China become part of the Western bloc, bringing Allied troops up to the Chinese frontier. The Americans and British cannot afford to let the Communists descend into South-East Asia, threatening Burma, Malaya and India. The question which may very soon have to be resolved is whether France, hard pressed in Europe, can afford to carry the Allied burden so far from home. *(OPNB)*

ZIONIST COUNCIL DEBATE

Dr. Nahum Goldmann, Chairman of the Jewish Agency in New York, speaking in the debate at the Zionist General Council in Jerusalem on Monday.

Photo by Schlesinger

Readers' Letters

LIGHTS OUT

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — Reading in your paper about the closing of the Phillips' plant for electric bulbs because of lack of raw materials, I don't know whether I am more annoyed or ashamed.

As electric bulbs can hardly be classed as luxuries, and even under the most severe rationing cannot be cut below a certain minimum, it must be clear that a far larger sum of hard currency will be needed for future import of manufactured bulbs than would have been required for the import of raw materials. What is the use of a planning department, an Investment Centre and various other economic departments in our Government if we cannot avoid such deplorable failures which must have an adverse effect on other prospective investors?

The public, which will now have to pay for bulbs inferior to those manufactured locally, is entitled to an explanation.

Yours etc.,
H. WULFF,
M.E., M.E.

Tel Benyamin, November 17.

PUBLIC DISREGARD

To the Editor of The POST

Sir, — While travelling on a bus from ma'abara Tira to Haifa during peak traffic hours, I happened to be seated very near the driver. I noticed that he was engaged in a conversation with a policeman who was standing at his side.

As the conversation showed no signs of coming to an end I pointed to the sign which prohibits talking to the driver while the car is in motion. The policeman was very polite and stopped talking, but the driver, in a very rude and rough tone, told me that it was none of my business. When I asked him what was the purpose of the notice he replied that those who issued the instructions to have such notices printed only wanted to give a man a job.

Yours etc.,
A. DORI

Haifa, Nov. 18.

MUSICAL DIARY

"FROM Duet to Octet," a cycle of eight chamber concerts by members of the Kol Yisrael orchestra, arranged by Gideon Roehr, with commentary by Mihal Roehr started at the Bet Hahalumot on Monday. Its purpose is to offer less familiar works to the public. The first programme of the series included one of Reger's three suites for viola solo, op. 131/d. The bill was also composed of a Beethoven duet for clarinet and fagot, a Schubert-trio for strings, an attractive quartet for oboe and strings by Karl Stamitz and the Haydn quintet for wind instruments (as used by Brahms for his Haydn-Variations). Executants were S. Mishori (violin); Gideon Roehr (viola); J. Mente (cello); Hanoch Tel-Oren (flute); George Haas (oboe); Meivyn Keller (clarinet); Avner Aharon (fagot); Avraham Aharoni (horn).

In this connection I should like to mention a recent Y.M.C.A. live concert at which the Kol Yisrael Wind Ensemble (Hanoch Tel-Oren; Moshe Rubinstein; Karl Berent; Avraham Aharoni; Avner Aharon; Avigdor Reiss) played Haydn's Divertiments in B-flat major, Beethoven's Quintet in E-flat major and Ibert's Trois Pièces Brèves. Unfortunately I was unable to be present at that performance, but learned from an expert that the Ibert was especially enjoyable. *FRANGO.*

In Tel Aviv

KLARI Szarvas, harp player of the I.P.O., gave a recital at the Tel Aviv Museum last Sunday, performing works by Paradisi, Rossi, Cherubini, Handel, Zabel, Hasselmans, Saint-Saens, Kobian, Pierné, Prokofieff, Debussy, Tournier and Salzedo. The artist's performance was technically admirable and modulation sensitive — a rare achievement at a harp recital. The playing of the Handel Passacaglia for instance represented an intelligent and determined exploitation of Handel's style of drama and baroque.

Tribute to Teacher

LEO Kestenberg, teacher of music and humanism, who will be 70 years old tomorrow, has preserved his youthful spirit simply by dedicating his whole life to teaching young people. His first studies with Albrecht (a pupil of Mendelssohn and Schumann) in Zittau, his later work with Kullak in Berlin and his collaboration and personal friendship with Busoni formed the basis for his life's work.

Having taken up permanent residence in Berlin and played the piano in recitals, as a soloist, in orchestral concerts and in chamber music ensembles, he became musical adviser to the social-democratic Berliner Volkshochschule. After the First World War he was nominated musical adviser to the Ministry of Art and Education in Prussia, and from this time he was able to revolutionize all branches of musical education.

In March 1933 Kestenberg went to Prague to found the International Society for Musical Education and finally at Huberman's invitation, he became Director of the Palestine Philharmonic Orchestra. He held this post from 1936 to 1944 and in the following year returned to his beloved metier of teaching. He works both privately and as a teacher in the Music Teacher's Training College in Tel Aviv.

Mozart Competition

THE second Mozart competition arranged by the Israel Mozarteum for vocalists and players of wind instruments will take place on January 25 and 26; it is open to residents of Israel who are not more than 30 years old on December 31, 1952. The first prize for players and for singers is a two weeks' stay in Italy and Switzerland, including free transport; the winners will be guests of the "Friends of the Israel Mozarteum" in Italy and of "Omanut" and Mozart Societies in Switzerland. Flight and passage for the two first prizes were donated by El Al Israel Airlines Ltd. and Shoham, Israel Navigation Ltd. *Mo.*

Haifa Chamber Music

BRAHMS' Quartet in A-major for Piano, Violin, Viola and Violoncello, op. 26 was performed by the Polischuk Quartet (Polischuk, Spielberg, Steinberg Bregman) with Nadia Eitingon-Reichert at the piano, at Haifa's Beth Harofeh on Saturday.

The work's main features are muted passion, followed by a sudden climax, and the relaxation of intensity is only felt in the scherzo which gives a rest to the strong emotions evoked. The piano part was outstandingly interpreted by Miss Eitingon-Reichert whereas the strings were a little hard in the half's strong acoustics at the beginning.

The performance of Wolf's "Italian Serenade in G major" was a model of clarity and conciseness of musical interpretation.

The highlight of the programme was Cesar Franck's Quintet in F-minor for Piano, two Violins, Viola and Violoncello. The first movement, written in three different rhythms, molto moderato quasi lento, maestoso and allegro is the most impressive of the whole work. The second movement, lento, con molto sentimento is written with wasst impulsiveness, but the closing allegro, non troppo ma con fuoco, transformed the Quintet into a musical unity carried to an imposing climax by the players.

G.W.S.

TOY TIME

A FIERCE wind whipped over Megiddo, which rears like a small brother of Mount Tabor, far down the valley of Jezreel. A [illegible] of the huts, wooden [illegible], canvas tents and ragged tents clustered over the rocky mound, and outside each dwelling like Kiryat Anavim had built a mud shelter for their [illegible] fires. Kurd

TOY FUND

housewives didn't hold with newfangled oil-stoves, preferring to carry a bundle of faggots on their heads all the way from the wood at Mishmar Haemek.

Although the children had winter boots, they scampered around bare-foot, clad in everything from Yemenite roosters to gold-embroidered pyjamas. At home, their parents sat on the floor, squish bread dipped in soup without cutlery, speaking their own dialect and sleeping in their clothes as they have always done. Set apart from Megiddo ma'abara stood the kindergarten, where centuries of development are concentrated within brief hours of education.

Every child had his own shelf for drawings and the small mysterious objects beloved of youngsters who own no "shop" toys, but make do with beads and rags and scraps of wood. A special compartment was reserved for the family of golliwogs and teddy-bears which a kibbutz near Megiddo had sent to the ma'abara toddlers. "This is the most important place in their lives," said the teacher, "they learn Hebrew only from me, and these toys are their main contact with things other children play with."

Parents paid a nominal 20 pruta monthly to send their youngest to kindergarten — "I must apologize for the state of our toys: they squabble dreadfully over the favourites, and you understand, it's not a big budget after I have bought crayons and paper." We did understand and even hinted to Yael that *The Jerusalem Post*—Sa'ad Toy Fund would reach her wind-swept nursery. *G.C.*

Balanced Farming Improves Food Supply

By S.J. HELFGOTT

DR. LOWDERMILK'S articles "How to Hold Your Ground" has shown the background against which Israel's land utilization of forestry, farming and urban development alike must be planned. Husbanding of resources, be they "natural" like our abundant sunshine, the winter rains and the land's inherent fertility, or "artificial" like manures, the aim of agricultural planning must be crop and fodder plants suited to their environment, and livestock bred to make the most of these.

In all sound farming systems, livestock and crops are balanced and interrelated. Cattle, sheep, pigs and poultry produce manure which on going back to the land produces fertility of a kind which chemical fertilizer alone, important though it is, cannot in the long run provide. The land in turn produces fodder crops and pasture to feed the stock, along with the food and fibre crops to sustain and clothe man.

In spite of the well-known achievements of our settlements in trebling and quadrupling yields of crops, eggs and milk, and mixed, i.e. balanced farming has long been the cornerstone of settlement policy, we lag behind in our livestock figures. These are sadly out of balance not only with the population, but also with the amount of arable land at our disposal.

Farming and Nutrition

Agriculturally advanced countries such as the U.S.A., the Scandinavian countries, the British Dominions and the United Kingdom have a high standard of living and a diet comparatively rich in protective foods containing proteins and vitamins. They all have a higher livestock population in relation to arable land than, say, India and China, and to a lesser extent Eastern European countries, where rice, millet, maize and rye form the staple items in a diet which is relatively poor in protective foods. Hence the great importance of a rise in Israel's livestock population to the health and standard of living of the people.

Manure and the Land

But that is not all. In view of the need for maintaining soil fertility and increasing it, organic or farmyard manure is needed. On the 400-acre farm the writer left behind in England, there are now over 100 head of cattle and some 100 hens. The farm is typical of the larger holdings in that part of the world, and the cattle produce sufficient manure to "take the muck cart round the farm," i.e. to manure every field at least once in five or six years with organic manure along with the annual fertiliser. The ideal aimed at in the famous "Norfolk Four-Course" Crop Rotation, which manures each field once every four years, and which is the mother of balanced farming — and of the highest wheat yields in the world.

Here, it is not at all uncommon for a kibbutz to work several thousand dunams of land nearby and more under temporary cultivation in the Negev, and yet to own only a hundred head of cattle or less, with up to 6,000 hens and perhaps a flock of a few hundred sheep. The result is that only intensive crops such as vegetables, fruit and fodder receive farmyard manure whereas the field crops receive "artificial" fertilizer only, and often not even that.

Way to Higher Yields

At present, the national average grain yield is half that of Western Europe, between 100 and 150 kilograms of wheat or barley per dunam. Yet yields of between 200 and 300 kgs. per dunam can be and are being obtained. On land of Kvutzat Ginegar which receives regular dressings of farmyard manure, high yields of this order are consistently obtained even in years of poor rainfall. The same applies to some of the land of Ramat Yohanan where cereals alternate with fodder crops receiving farmyard manure. Under the Gvati plan, sugar beet, summer tomatoes and tobacco are entering the lengthened rotation of unirrigated field crops for the first time this year in many settlements. These crops will receive farmyard manure in preference to green manure, since the latter entails the loss of a year in growing a green crop and ploughing it in. The crops will thus result in more food both directly and through raising soil fertility. It is as yet too early to judge how far the Gvati plan will succeed, but it points the way to satisfying the need of the hour: more food from Israel's acres while building up soil fertility.

Men and Things

NEW York has now opened a cinema which presents pictures and sounds more like the real thing than ever. With three simultaneous projectors, a curved screen six times the normal size, and every sound arriving from the direction where its source is to be seen, the eye and ear are feasted as natural. Or, in the words of army instructors, the audience is put in the picture. Reports from the "Cinerama," as it is called, of spectators who lean sideways as the aircraft banks, or dodge to avoid missiles, remind one of what happened at the first moving pictures half a century ago.

Beyond doubt a visit to the Cinerama would be highly interesting and exciting. But with all one's admiration for technical triumphs, and however urgent the invitations from new fields requiring conquerors, one must always spare a regretful glance backwards. For not only is there lustre still about the old victories, but there is the question whether they should not have been exploited more fully before the campaign rolled onwards to new ground. Surely, if American film producers would only raise the general standard of their present work to as high a level as they can reach on occasions, progress would be immensely greater than the dazzling promises held out by new techniques to make a spade look still more like a spade. Of course it is not the thing which does the trick, but the idea. Shakespeare worked without scenery, and some of the old films were austerity models, but they achieved moments when the spirit of actors and audience flowed into one. In a word, modernism is in danger of becoming so proudly preoccupied with the means of production as to forget the end.

W. L. R.

SEE THE SIGHTS in ISRAEL with SIGHTSEEING LTD.
- Luxury Buses
- Complimentary Refreshments
- Fascinating City & Country Tours

★ 1, 2, 3-day trips Tiberias and Galilee, incl. hotel, meals, transport. Leaving Friday afternoon, returning Saturday night.

OR, HIRE A CAR AND DRIVE IT YOURSELF!
TIYULIM LTD.
TEL AVIV 89 HAYARKON ST.
HAIFA 4 SAFAD STREET • TEL. 63249

McGRAW-HILL BOOKS:
AMERICAN ELECTRICIAN HANDBOOK by Terrell Croft
MECHANICAL ENGINEERS' HANDBOOK by Marks
STANDARD HANDBOOK FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS by Knowlton
CHEMICAL ENGINEERS' HANDBOOK by Perry
RADIO ENGINEERS HANDBOOK by Terman
AMERICAN MACHINISTS' HANDBOOK by Colvin-Stanley
THERMODYNAMICS & HEAT TRANSMISSION by Croft
INTRODUCTION TO MODERN PHYSICS by Richtmyer and Kennard
TOOL ENGINEERS HANDBOOK
RADIO ENGINEERING HANDBOOK by Terman
MATHEMATICS FOR ENGINEERS by Dull
RADIO ANTENNA ENGINEERING by Laport
AVAILABLE AT
STEIMATZKY'S BOOKSHOPS
Jerusalem: Rehov Jaffa, near Zion Sq.
Tel Aviv: 107 Allenby Rd. Haifa: 48 Ha'atzmaoth Rd.

NOVEMBER 1952
ON SALE TODAY
Reader's Digest

Don't miss these interesting articles: —
- CAN EUROPE UNITE? Page 61
- DON'T BLAME YOUR PARENTS Page 62
- HOW TO BE AN EMPLOYEE Page 88

and many more articles of lasting interest plus a Book Condensation.

Distributors:
PALES PRESS COMPANY LIMITED

Today and Tomorrow

All men born between April 4, 1933 and September 27, 1933 and whose surnames start with the letter

D

report for registration and medical examination according to Order published in the daily press and broadcast over the radio on October 31, 1952.

Ministry of Defence.
Manpower Department.
Recruiting Office.

365

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE

Notice of First Meeting of Creditors and Contributories

Name of Company: 1. The Arab Bank Ltd., in liquidation. 2. The Arab National Bank Ltd., in liquidation. Address of Registered Office: Jerusalem. Court: District Court, Jerusalem. Number of Matter: 1. Civil Case 167/52; 2. Civil Case 168/52. Date and Place of First Meeting: December 22, 1952, Office of the Official Receiver, Law Courts Building, Jerusalem. Hour: Creditors: 12 noon. Contributories: 12.30 p.m.

(Sgd.) H. HADSON
OFFICIAL RECEIVER AND PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATOR

ALL KINDS OF USED TRUNKS
Sale and Purchase
— Repairs —
WISLICKI
1 Rehov Sirkin, Tel Aviv

NOVEMBER, 1952
Reader's Digest
ON SALE IN JERUSALEM
Distributors:
Steimatzky's

PALBIT
INSURANCE AGENCY LTD
TEL AVIV, 9 SHEINKIN ST., TEL. 5080
HAIFA, 16 HAM ST., TEL. 63060
people you can rely on...

SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES
"ADIMAH" 74 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv.
Today and tomorrow from 9 a.m. — 12 noon, 3—6 p.m. registration for the following new courses, beginning on December 1, will take place.
HEBREW: for beginners: from 10-11 a.m., 5-6 p.m., for advanced: from 9-10 a.m., 5-7 p.m., 8-10 p.m.
ENGLISH: for advanced: from 9-10 a.m., and during all the evening hours; (2) for students of the 9th and 10th class of Secondary Schools from 4-5 p.m. (3) for students of the 5th and 6th class of Elementary Schools from 3-4 p.m.
FRENCH: for beginners: from 3-4 p.m., for advanced: from 5-6 p.m.

I enjoy them best of all
Try them today
Peer
20 for 210
Israeli most distinguished cigarette

"Good bye— It was a pleasant evening...!
the guests are leaving—heaps of dirty dishes stay. Poor housewife, it is late and she is tired. Complaints won't help, BUT SIVA WILL. Siva paste will do away with all the dishes in a jiffy. It lathers freely and cuts the grease even in cold water. And what a shine and sparkle all your dishes get! SIVA PASTE for your dishes, for home and laundry NEGA CLEANER.
SIVA
Sole Distributors: Nesh Co. Ltd.

Accident and Sickness
PAYMENT IN CASE OF ACCIDENT CAUSING:
DEATH IL. 1000.—
DISABLEMENT IL. 2000.—
DAILY COMPENSATION IN CASE OF:
ACCIDENT - IMMEDIATELY IL. 5.—
SICKNESS - AFTER 7 DAYS IL. 5.—
MONTHLY PREMIUM (CLASS I) IL. 5.100
SHILOAH